APPENDICES

APPENDIX I

MACROECONOMIC LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

	ROECONOMIC LOGICAL FRAMI ative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicators	Source of Data	Important Assumptions
Ove	rall Objective			7 toodp.too
(1) a grov oppo	high and sustained level of real GDP with; (2) with greater equality of ortunity, income and access; (3) in a inflation environment; (4) with a ainable external sector position.	Real annual GDP growth of 5.5% in the medium term and >6% in the long term Lower inequality (measured through HDI and gini- coefficient) Annual average inflation < 10% in the medium term BoP external financing gap reduced to [%] of GDP.	Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Finance and Economic Development (MoFED), Bank of Zambia (BoZ). Social sector ministries (e.g. health and education) UNDP	PRSP endorsed by Government, Civil Society, multi-lateral and bilateral cooperating partners PRSP fully financed and implemented as agreed by the contracting parties The key economic sectors of mining, agriculture, industry and tourism register real annual growth rates of [%], [%], [%], and [%] respectively
Incre inve natio	ediate Objectives	Gross Fixed Capital Formation as a percentage of real GDP increases to [%] in the medium term Domestic savings ratio rises to [%] in the medium term	CSO MoFED BoZ Investment Centre	Domestically financed capital expenditures, particularly in the priority sectors, are in conformity with the PRSP Foreign financed capital expenditures, particularly those under HIPC interim
				debt relief, are forthcoming
	Outputs for immediate objective 1			 - -
1.	Increased investment in priority sectors by reputable foreign and local investors catering for the export market Establishment of performance standards for all institutions involved in	Increased FDI flows Increased financial support (disbursements) to priority sectors through facilities such as the Enterprise	CSO MoFED BoZ	Activities of key investment promotion agencies / institutions fully financed
3.	investment promotion Clear government arrears to public sector pension funds and privatize	development Fund (EDF) at BoZ and other such as the Japanese non-project grant aid. 3. Elimination of Government arrears to the Civil Service Pension Fund and remain current on contributions	Investment Centre Cabinet Office Parliament	Supporting infrastructure in priority sectors rehabilitated / built.
4.	their management Recapitalise the Development Bank of Zambia (DBZ) and revive its operations with private sector management.			

MACROECONOMIC LOGICAL FRAMEWORK (Cont'd)

MACROECONOMIC LOGICAL FRAMEWORK (Cont'd)					
Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicators	Source of Data	Important Assumptions		
Immediate Objective 2 Increase the efficiency and effectiveness of public service delivery by restructuring government departments, effect a competitive pay package for civil servants, and increase resource allocation to key economic and social sectors	MoFED funding fully reflects yellow book estimates Domestic arrears reduced to zero Activity based budgeting adopted across government ministries and departments	MoFED Cabinet Office Parliament, through its relevant committee(s)	Civil service reforms implemented Medium term expenditure framework adopted		
Outputs for immediate objective 2 Government departments merged A competitive pay package for civil servants implemented Expenditures to priority sectors rise to [%] of discretionary budget expenditures in the medium term	 The number of ministries / departments reduced or merged Increased recruitment and retention of staff, particularly in key social sector ministries i.e. Education and Health Overall expenditure patters reflect the priorities in the PRSP 	CSO Cabinet Office MoFED BoZ Line Ministries e.g. Health (CoBH) and Education	Political will to complete the process Agreement reached with the civil service unions on Government restructuring within a medium term expenditure framework Restructuring of line ministries overseeing priority sectors is fast-tracked		
Achieve and sustain low inflation and effective supervision of the financial sector	Average annual inflation < [14%] for 2002 – 2004 Full BoZ supervisory compliance with Basle Core Principles	MoFED CSO BoZ	Fiscal and monetary programme remains consistent with the annual arrangements under the PRSP Legal and operational independence of BoZ enhanced		
Output for immediate objective 3					
1. Single digit inflation (end year) achieved on a sustained basis by 2004 2. Limits on GRZ financing from BoZ lowered to [%] of gross revenues in the preceeding fiscal year. 3. Improve the efficiency of Open Market Operations (OMO) and the communication of monetary policy formulation and implementation to the financial markets and general public 4. Increase the level of detail and scope of data received from commercial banks – particularly regarding capital account transactions – and implement the electronic transfer of data (returns) between BoZ and financial institutions. 5. At the minimum Basle Core Principles adopted as the supervisory standard achieved for financial institutions supervised by BoZ	 Average end year inflation in 2003 and 2004 below 10% Limited or zero GRZ borrowing from BoZ Number of new financial / money market instruments introduced and traded Monthly reports on financial and economic developments published by BoZ Improved prudential returns introduced Electronic data transfer established and functioning appropriately 	CSO MoFED BoZ	Clear and formal rules established for Government borrowing from BoZ, with such credit restricted to exceptional circumstances		

MACROECONOMIC LOGICAL FRAMEWORK (Cont'd)

Nar	rative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicators	Source of Data	Important Assumptions
lmn	nediate Objective 4			
	the foundation for sustainable ernal sector position (in the medium	HIPC completion point reached by end in 2003	MoFED	
tern	n) by consolidating trade sector orms, promoting increased FDI and		MCTI	
mar	shal external sector support on		BoZ	
high	nly co ncessional terms		ZIC	
			EBZ	
Out	put for immediate objective 4			
1.	Reach HIPC completion point and reduce external debt and debt service	HIPC interim relief secured from bilateral creditors	MoFED MCTI	Projected export growth in priority economic sectors
2.	Zambian products penetrate and expand regional and international export markets	2. Increased FDI flows	BoZ ZIC EBZ	is achieved i.e. in mining, industry, agriculture, and tourism sectors
3.	Complete bilateral negotiations on interim HIPC relief with creditors	3. Exports grow by% on an average annual basis		

AGRICULTURE LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

AGRICULTURE LOGICAL FRAMEWORK Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Source of Data	Important Assumptions
Overall Objective			7.004111110113
To promote a self sustaining export-led agricultural sector which ensures increased household income and food security	Agricultural GDP to grow by a minimum of 10% from 2004 onwards	Sector Performance Analysis (SPA)	Availability of rainfall Political Will Cultural Will
Immediate Objectives Immediate Objective 1			
To generate income and employment through increased agricultural production and productivity	Household net annual agricultural incomes increase by more than 50% of the present level from 2004 and by more than 100% from 2007 and by more than 200% from 2010	Post Harvest Survey (PHS), SPA	Availability of rains Favorable climate Favorable climate
	Increase in annual yields per hectare of both export and food crops by at least 75% from 2004		
Outputs Outputs for Immed. Objective 1			
Increase in gainful employment	At least 15% increase from the current level in those gainfully employed by the agricultural sector by the year 2004	PHS, SPA	Favourable Climate, Cultural will
Increase in number of out-grower schemes	Number of out-grower schemes increase by 30% from the current level by 2004	SPA, Special Studies	Cultural will
Immediate Objective 2:			
To enhance the sector's contribution to the national balance of payments	 Increase in agricultural volumes of export by at least 25% from the current level by 2004 Increase in agricultural export earnings by more than 50% from current level by 2007 	EBZ BOZ	Cultural will
Outputs for Immed.Objective2 1. Increased number of exported commodities	 Number of agricultural commodities being exported increase by at least 50% of the current level from 2007 At least 25% increase in small scale farmers organised in out-grower schemes from the current estimate of 100,000 by the year 2005 	EBZ, BOZ, CSO PHS, SPA	Favorable Climate Cultural Will
Increase in agricultural export destinations	Number of countries importing Zambia's agricultural commodities and products increase by 30% from the current level by 2007	EBZ	Favourable economic environment
Strict adherence to high quality and standards	At least 90% of small scale farmers in out-grower schemes produce acceptable high quality agricultural commodities by 2004	PHS, SPA	Cultural will
Immediate Objective 3:			
To contribute to sustainable industrial development by providing locally produced agro-based raw materials	At least 15% of the country's industrial growth to come from the agricultural sector by 2010	SPA EBZ BOZ CSO	Political will
Outputs for immediate Objective 3			
Enhanced utilisation capacity of current industries	 Utilisation capacity of current agro-based industries reach at least 75% from the current level by 2007 At least 90% of all agro-based industries in the country utilise locally produced raw materials 	Special Studies	Political Will
More agro-based firms constructed	At least 5 new firms dealing in agricultural products constructed by 2007	MCTI ZIC	Political Will
Enhanced production of cash crops	At least 50% of the country's small scale farmers involved in the production and sale of at least 5 cash crop by 2010	PHS SPA	Cultural Will Political will

AGRICULTURE LOGICAL FRAMEWORK (Cont'd)

Output/Immediate Objective	Objectively Verifiable Indicators	Source of data	Important Assumptions
Immediate Objective 4: To ensure national and household food security through dependable annual production of adequate supplies of basic foodstuffs at competitive prices	 At least 4 months food reserves maintained for any eventuality from 2005 onw ards Household food insecurity reduced to at least 15% from the current level by 2010 	SPA, FRA Reports National nutrition surveys,	Political will Favorable climate
Outputs for immediate Objective 4 1. Adequate food supply at household level	All households have adequate food throughout the year by 2007 All households in the country have at least 2 meals per day by 2007	PHS, SPA LCMS Special Studies	Political will Favorable Climate
Reduced malnutrition cases	Malnutrition cases of children under 5 years decrease by 5% from current level by 2004 and by at least 10% from 2007 onwards	National nutrition surveys, SPA	Favorable Climate
Immediate Objective 5 To ensure that the existing agricultural resource base is maintained and improved upon	At least 20% of smallholder farmers and 30% of large scale farmers adopt soil and water conservation technologies from the current levels by 2010	PHS SPA	Cultural will
Outputs for immediate objective 5 Increase in cultivated area under cons ervation farming	Cultivated area (hectare) under conservation farming increase by 15% from the current level by 2010	PHS, SPA	Cultural Will
2. Increase in crop rotation	Smallholder farmers practicing crop rotation increase by 30% from the current level by 2007	PHS, SPA	Cultural Will
Increase in contour ridging	Small scale farmers practicing contour ridging increases by at least 15% from the current level by 2007	PHS, SPA	Cultural Will
4. Increase in green manuring	Number of small scale farmers using green manuring increases by 10% from the current level by 2010	PHS, SPA	Cultural Will
5. Increase in water harnessing	Number of small holder farmers engaged in water harnessing practices increase by 30% from the current level by 2007	MAFF, ZNFU	Cultural will

Agriculture Activities

Agriculture Activities Output/Immediate Objective	Activity	COSTS (US\$)	Responsible Institution
Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1&2)	Mount vigorous campaigns on the benefits of out-grower schemes	0	MAFF, ZNFU ACF
	Promote and undertake simple scale irrigation schemes	15,000,000	ACF
	Develop and implement incentives for commercial farmers and agro- firms engaged in out-growers schemes	0	MAFF MOFED
	Re-orient agricultural extension staff to emphasize on production of cash and export crops	3,000,000	MAFF ZNFU
	Promote appropriate mechanisms to enhance women's access to necessary extension services	186,000	MAFF GART
	Encourage private sector financing of input supply and marketing Promote viable rural micro-financing and credit system through among other things, training of financing institutions in credit recovery	1,200,000	MOFED MAFF ACF
	Promote and strengthen demand driven research and technology transfer process that will reflect farmers' needs and aspirations	600,000	EBZ, ACF
	Enhance research in potential export crops and livestock	3,600,000	GART MAFF ZNFU
	Promote women's role in food and agricultural research, extension and education programmes	186,000	GART MAFF
	Develop extension packages which include production techniques of non-traditional crops	450,000,	MAFF ZNFU ACF
	Come up with a list of agricultural or agro-processed products, which have the best prospects for being competitive in foreign markets.	225,000	Zambian foreign mission
	Endeavor to negotiate for new preferential markets.	150,000	Zambian foreign mission
	Identify areas in the country, which have the best ecological conditions for growing these products.	0	MAFF, ZNFU
	Negotiate with traditional rulers for land in form of a farming block, survey it and put feeder roads, high-level water management plans for irrigation etc.	30,000,000	Min. of Lands, MAFF
	Gender awareness and land legislative programmes	330,000	MOL, GIDD
	Choose land near existing infrastructure, including resources like rivers, in order to minimize the cost of land improvement.	0	Min. of Lands MAFF
	Advertise the availability of land widely for large-scale reputable and capital rich farming enterprises, foreign and local, by 2003.	1,5 00	Min. of Lands MAFF
	Give preference to investors willing to support out grower schemes.	0	Local communities
	Encourage small-scale farmers' to be organised in out-grower schemes around the large-scale export farmers.	300,000	MAFF, ZNFU, ACF
	Assist producers to be competitive in the world markets, e.g. export output requires concentration of producers in any area, by strengthening the provision of agricultural services and support/promotion of rural cooperatives	4,500,000	MOFED MAFF ZNFU ACF
	Render support of the export sector to all levels of producers to include reliable feeder roads and rural dams, deep tanks etc.	42,000,000	MOFED EBZ Min. of works, Com. banks
	Loans and Investments for the identified export crops	40,500,000	MOFED , MAFF, ZEGA
	Provision of timely inputs such as seed packs, fertlisers for selected vulnerable people especiall drought prone areas	15, 000,000	
	Engendering Rural finance and saving mobilization programmes	1,675,000	MAFF GIDD

Agriculture Activities (Cont'd)

tput/Immediate Objective	Activity	COSTS (US \$)	Responsible
			Institution
Immediate objective 3	Encourage industrial use of locally produced agricultural raw	0	MOFED
(Outputs 1, 2 & 3)	materials		MAFF ZNFU
	Implement rural electrification in selected agricultural blocks	0 (See Energy	ZESCO
	implement rural electrification in selected agricultural blocks	Sector	MOFED
		For Costing)	WOI ED
	Develop and effect an appropriate incentive package aimed at	0	MOFED
	encouraging farmers to produce crops for locally based agro-		MCI
	industries		MAFF
Immediate objective 4	Step up extension campaigns on production of traditional food	0	MAFF
(Outputs 1 & 2)	crops		ZNFU
	Promote production of drought resistant crops in region I (low	0	MAFF
	rainfall zone)		ZNFU
	Promote crop diversification through among other things	600,000	MAFF
	ensuring the production and delivery of different crop seeds	000.000	ZNFU
	Promotion of labour saving devices in farming and other rural	900,000	MAFF
	livelihood activities Promotion of local seed multiplication and establishment of		MOH MAFF
	seed grain banks		MOH
	Promote household level storage through education and	2,400,000	MAFF
	providing appropriate storage technology	2,400,000	IVIAFF
Immediate objective 5	Ensure development of an extension package that includes	900,000	MAFF
(Outputs 1,2,3,5 &5)	soil and water conservation measures	700,000	ZNFU
(Develop and enforce incentive measures aimed at increasing	1,500,000	MOFED
	adoption rates of soil and water conservation practices and	1,000,000	MAFF
	technologies by farmers		ZNFU
	Integrate women's sustainable traditional Knowledge and	900,000	MAFF, MENR
	practices of resource use in environmental management and	700,000	IVIALI , IVILIVIX
	extension programmes		
		12,000,000	ZNFU
	Improve livestock disease control and eradication, particularly in disease prone areas of Central, Southern and Western	12,000,000	MAFF
	provinces		WAFF
	'		
	Animal Production Credit Schemes	9,000,000	ZNFU
			MAFF
	Livestock Research and Development	8,000,000	ZNFU
	·		MAFF
	Animal Draft Power and Extension Services	6,000,000	ZNFU
		0,000,000	MAFF
tal		200,095,000	
		230,070,000	
	1		

TOURISM LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicators	Sources Of Data	Important Assumptions
Overall objective To enhance the tourism sector's contribution to economic growth and poverty reduction.	 Tourism sector's value added to increase by at least 10 % per annum in the PRSP cycle. 10% rise in foreign exchange earnings 15% Increase in number of people employed in the tourist sector per annum. 	BoZ reports CSO MOT ZNTB ZAWA	Political stability
Immediate objectives	 Distance in kilometers of access roads developed and rehabilitated Airports/strips upgraded and rehabilitated Number of Health facilities constructed 	MOT records MWS	Coordination with relevant stakeholders
Outputs for immediate objective 1 Infrastructure developed in all tourist areas Increased tourist arrivals	 Distance of access roads upgraded (1,294 km) Distance of national park roads upgraded (1'167 km) Telecom infrastructure upgraded 12% increase per annum in the PRSP cycle. 	Roads department NRB MC MOT records	
Immediate Objective 2 To promote investment in the tourist sector.	 Number of tourist centers set up Employment created Number of new lodges, hotels, rest/guest houses created 	ZIC MOT CSO ZNTB	Conducive macroeconomic environment
Outputs for immediate objective 2 1. Increased level of Investment in the tourism Sector	 Employment level in the Sector increase from current 11,892 to 15,000 by year 2004. Number of Local and Foreign Investors in the Sector. 	MOT CSO ZIC	
Immediate Objective 3 To improve the conservation and management of wildlife and other resources in the National Parks and Game Management Areas	 Wildlife and other resources increase in number and diversity in National Parks and Game management Areas by 30% by the end of the third year. Wild life conservation is made part of the education curricular 	ZAWA MOT Special study	
Outputs for immediate objective 3 The decline in wildlife and other resources in National Parks and Game management areas is reversed.	Wildlife and other resources policing, monitoring and research is improved by 30% in each of the three years	ZAWA MOT ZAWA records	
Sustainable utilization of wildlife and other resources in the National Park and Game Management Areas is attained.	 Wildlife and other resources use is improved by 30% by the end of the third year Increase in Number of GMA's from 35 to 40 in the PRSP cycle 19 Management Plans put in place 	ZAWA MOT	

TOURISM LOGICAL FRAMEWORK (Cont'd)

TOURISM LOGICAL FRAMEWORK (Cont'd)			
Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicators	Sources Of Data	Important Assumptions
3. The flow of benefits from the wildlife and other resources in National Parks and Game Management Areas are secured and enhanced among the communities living in the wildlife estates	 Food security among communities living in the wildlife estates improved by 30% by the end of third year Health and sanitation among communities living in the wildlife estates is improved by 30% by the end of the third year Literacy levels among communities living in the wildlife estates is improved by 30% by the end of the third 	ZAWA records CSO	, assumptions
Immediate Objective 4 To diversify the tourism portfolio to exploit niche markets	 12% increase per annum in tourist arrivals PRSP cycle. Increase in bed and room Occupancy rates from 37.2% and 34.4% to 50.7% and 41.4% in the PRSP cycle. Increase in Foreign exchange earnings by 10% per annum. 	MOT, CSO BOZ	Improved security and Political stability
Output for immediate objective 4 1. Zambia becomes a major tourism destination	 Increase level of tourist arrivals by 12% per annum in the next 3 years. Increase in bed and room Occupancy rates from 37.2% and 34.4% to 50.7% and 41.4% in the PRSP cycle. Increased foreign exchange earnings by 10% from the current level in the next three years. 	MOT CSO	Improved security and Political stability
Diversified and increased tourist attraction (developed heritage sites)	 Number of new tourist attractions developed Increased foreign exchange earnings by10% from the current level in the next three years. 	MOT CSO BOZ	
Increased expenditure on marketing	 Increased expenditure on marketing from 350,000 to 2,000,000 US dollars per annum 	ZNTB records MOT records	
Immediate Objective 5 To encourage private sector participation in training of personnel.	 Number of people trained in tourism by the private sector Number of training institutions established by the private sector 	MOT Tourism council HTTI	Legal and institution framework put in place
Output for immediate objective 5 Increased number of skilled personnel in the tourism industry	 Increase in number of people trained in tourism by the private sector. Increased number of training institutions by the private sector by 2004. 	MOT Tourism Council HTTI records	

Tourism activities

Output/ Immed. objective	Actikvities	Cost(US\$)	Responsible Institution
Immediate Objective 1	Livingstone regional development		
(Outputs 1 and 2)	Rehabilitation of access roads	300,000	NRB,MOT, Donors
	Creation of a Visitor centre	180,000	MOT, Private sector
	Development of the Livingstone park	430,000	MLGH, MOT, Private sector
	Up grading of the water and sewerage system	2,700,000	MLGH
	Rehabilitation of City roads	6,974,314	MLGH, NRB
	Upgrading and rehabilitation of Airports	13,050,000	MWS, NAC
	Rehabilitation of the railway museum	1,348,341	NHC
	Upgrading of infrastructure in town centre	2,106,000	MLGH
	Improving telecommunications systems	2,885,000	MCT
	Kafue Regional Programme		
	Rehabilitation of access roads	7,440,000	NRB,MOT, Donors
	Improvement of national park roads	1,656,990	
	Upgrading of Airfield	6,000,000	MWS, NAC
	Improvement of water and sewerage system	2,000,000	MLGH
	Improvement of Telecommunication systems	700,000	MTC
	Find an investor to develop Kafue National Park		GRZ/ Investment Centre
	Lusaka Regional Development		
	Rehabilitation of access roads	10,000,000	NRB,MOT, Donors
	Upgrading and rehabilitation of Airports	400,000	MWS, NAC
	Construction of a Visitor centre	655,000	MOT, Private sector
	Development of the Lusaka Discovery	225,000	MOT,ZNTB
	Luangwa Regional Programme		
	Access roads rehabilitation and development	17,000,000	NRB,MOT, Donors
	Construction of a Visitor centre		MOT, Private sector
	Upgrading and rehabilitation of Airports	6,500,000	MWS, NAC
	Setting up Telecommunication networks	350,000	MTC
	Lower Zanbezi/Siavonga regional programme	330,000	WITC
	Access roads rehabilitation and development	2,700,000	NRB,MOT, Donors
	Improvement of national park roads	396,000	INRB,IVIOI, DUIIUIS
	rehabilitation of Airfield		MMC NAC
	Rehabilitation and purchase of a new pontoon	785,403 11,610,000	MWS, NAC
	Improving telecommunication systems	700,000	MTC
		1,092,185	IVITC
	Improving water and sewarage facilities National museums/heritage	1,092,100	
	Rehabilitation of sites	3,354,000	NMB, MOT, Donors
	Provision of tourism infrastructure at heritage sites	3,319,600	NMB, MOT, Donors
	<u> </u>		NHCC, NMB MOT
Immediate abjective?	Creation of a steam safari train in Zambia	1,348,341	
Immediate objective2	Encourage joint ventures between locals and investors Encourage local communities to exploit the economic linkages created by		Investment Centre, MOT MOT,
	the tourism sector		
	Sensitise local authorities on importance of availing land for tourism		MLGH
	development,		MOL MOT
	Tourism Policy put in place		IVIOI
	Reduce/rationalize the number of licences required to run business in the	1	MOT
	tourism sector	1	WIO I
	Participate actively in regional tourism initiatives such as RETOSA	300.000	MOT
		300,000	ZNTB
1		1	ZAWA
Immediate objective3			
'	ZAWA Capacity Building and Recapitalisation	6,590,000	ZAWA
	Wildlife Development Programmes	9,625,000	ZAWA
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, 5, 2 5	
Immediate objective4	Remove cumbersome visa procedures		Immigration department
(outputs 1,2 and 3)	Organising media and tour operator fan tours	900,000	NHCC
	Promotion of domestic tourism	600,000	ZNTB
	Undertaking tourism promotional missions abroad	2,100,000	ZNTB
	Organising annual national tourism fairs	900,000	ZNTB
	Production of tourism promotion materials	1,500,000	ZNTB
	Advertising	600,000	ZNTB
[Gazette and market other tourist attractions	000,000	MOT
	Sazotto and market enfor tearlet attractions	1	

Tourism Ativities (Cont'd)

Output/ Immed. objective	Activities	Cost(US\$)	Responsible Institution
Immediate Objective 5	Encourage the private sector to set up private tourism training institutes.		
(Outputs 1)		7,000,000	ZNTC, HTTI
	Upgrade HTTI		MOT, ZNTC
	Train trainers of trainers		HTTI
	Develop in service training programmes		TEVETA, HTTI, MOT

INDUSTRY LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

INDUSTRY LOGICAL FRAMEWORK Narrative summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicators	Source of data	Important Assumptions
Overall Objective	Objectively verifiable findicators	Jource of data	important Assumptions
To promote growth of an export led industry leading to employment creation and poverty reduction.	 Increased manufacturing share in total GDP from 11% to 14% by 2004 	CSO Reports MOFED Reports	Favourable international Market prices.
Immediate objectives			
Immediate objective 1			
To Increase domestic and foreign investment			
Outputs for immediate objective 1			
Geographically segregated resource maps for Zambia produced	Geographically segregated resource endowment maps for Zambia established by the year 2004	ZIC Reports MCTI MMMD Reports	
Long term capital accessible for industrial purposes	Availability of long term capital by 2004	MOFED ZRA LUSE Reports	
Transport, communication, energy and water infrastructure for industrial purposes improved	 Transport, communication, energy and water infrastructure improved for industrial purposes 	Local Authorities ZESCO Reports MWS	
Marketed investment opportunities	 Increase in FDI from US \$ 126m in 2000 to US \$ 300m per annum by 2004 Increase in number of pledged investment projects from 107 per annum in 2000 to 200 per annum in 2004 	ZIC Reports BOP Statistics (BOZ/CSO)	
Immediate objective 2	2001		
To Increase traditional and non traditional exports			
Outputs for immediate objective 2 1. Effective export promotion	Increase in share of manufactured exports to total exports from the current 14% to 30% Increase in value of exports	EBZ reports MOFED reports MFA Reports	
Develop database on sub- regional, regional and international markets.	Number of foreign markets in the data base	Regional Organisations' reports MFA EBZ Reports	
 Export processing Zones (EPZs) established 	Increased exports from EPZs	MOFED MCTI	
Modern testing and calibration facilities.	 Increase in the number of certificates issued Increase in the number of products certified. 	ZABS Reports	
Adherence to international standard by manufacturers and exporters	 Increase in number of firms adhering to international standards. 	ZABS	
Trained trade attaches	Increase in number of trade attaches trained.	Zambian Missions Abroad MFA	
Maintained membership to existing/new bilateral/multilateral trade agreements.	Improved trading conditions.	MCTI MOFED	
Immediate objective 3			
To develop and diversify the capital Market	Increase in long term capital available.	Investment and merchant banks reports BOZ Reports	
Outputs for immediate objective 3 1. Well functioning securities and exchange commission and LUSE	Increased market capitalization Increase in number and volumes of trades in shares at LUSE Improvement in the LUSE-all shares index.	LUSE SEC BOZ	

	Narrative summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicators	Source of data	Important Assumptions
3	private sector at lower interest rates	 Increase in the number and value of Treasury bills (TBs) and bonds issued to priv ate sector 	BOZ MOFED Commercial banks	
4	. Development Bank of Zambia recapitalised	Increase in funds disbursed by DBZ.	BOZ MOFED	
5	Existence of a deposit insurance fund.	Increase in the number of firms subscribing to the DIF scheme.	BOZ	
I	mmediate objective 4			
	rove industrial skills and nanship			
	Outputs for immediate objective 4			
1.	Functioning market demand driven apprenticeship scheme	Increase in the number of apprenticeship graduates.	TEVETA MOE	
2.	Functioning and market demand driven master craftsmen	Increase in the number of firms subscribing to the apprenticeship scheme.	In-service training centers MOE	
3.	Trained and skilled industrial artisans	Increase in the number of graduates in industrial artisan activities.	Special surveys MOE	
4.	Increased firm level training	Increase in the number of apprenticeship graduates.	Special surveys	
	Reduced exodus of trained human resources to neighboring countries	Reduction in the number of trained human resources leaving the country.	IOM (International office for migration) Zambian missions abroad Regional organization reports	
Immed	late objective 5		'	
To imp	rove adaptive science, technology D			
Outputs	s for immediate objective 5			
	active and substantial participation of rivate enterprises in science R & D	 Increase in the number of private enterprises participating in R &D. Increase in the % of expenditure on R&D as a proportion of total capital outlay. 	UNZA NISIR CBU MMRC NSTC MSTVT Special surveys	
2.	Improved oversight on science and technology and R & D.	 Improved reported status of science and technology, and R&D. 	MSTVT	
	Immediate objective 6			
MSME	elop and improve operations in entrepreneurs in business ement and technical skills.	Improved operations of MSMES.	Special Surveys SEDB	
Outputs	s for immediate objective 6			
	stence of private sector driven ME	Increase in number of private sector driven MSME.	SEDB Special surveys	

INDUSTRY LOGICAL FRAMEWORK (Cont'd)

INDUSTR	Y LOGICAL FRAMEWORK (Cont'd) Narrative summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicators	Source of data	Important Assumptions
2.	Trained MSME capital entrepreneurs in business management	Increase in number of private sector MSME capital fund.	SEDB Special surveys	
3.	MSME capital fund established	Increase in amount of funds disbursed under MSME capital fund.	SEDB	
4.	Easy capacity to meet bulky export orders			
5.	Informed potential business partners about MSME activities	Increase in Earnings of MSME.	EBZ Reports Special surveys	
6.	Availability of database on MSMES.	Increase in number of MSMEs on database.	SEDB SSIAZ	
To deve enterpr			F07 David	
1.	for immediate objective 7 Increase agro-processing in rural areas	Increase in the number of rural MSMEs.	EBZ Reports Special Surveys MCTI	
	Increased use of adequate and appropriate renewable energy resources.	Increase in the number of firms using particular energy sources.	MENR Special surveys	

Industry Activities

Industry Activities			
Output/immediate objectives		Cost	Responsible Institution
Immediate objective 1 (Outputs 1,2,3,4 and 5)	Produce geographically segregated resource endowment maps of Zambia.	US \$800,000	MCTI ZIC MOL (Survey department) Geological survey(MMMD)
	Facilitate establishment of Industrial estates for MSMEs.	US \$1m	SEDB, SSIAZ, MCTI, Cooperating partners, private sector
	Market investment opportunities abroad.	US \$600,000	Zambian Missions ZIC EBZ, Private sector
	Facilitate investments in schemes such as build, operate transfer (BOT) and build, own, operate, transfer (BOOT).	US \$300,000	ZIC
	Encourage local authorities to designate land for the development of industrial parks and "industrial shells" for leasing to local and foreign investors.	US \$198, 250	MLGH Local authorities
Immediate objective 2 (Outputs 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 and 8)	Market Zambia's exports abroad	US \$390,000	EBZ, Zambian missions MCTI, Private sector
	Develop database on sub-regional, regional and international markets.	US \$21,000	MCTI, EBZ, Cooperating partners
	Encourage establishment of modern testing and calibration facilities for certification by ZABS	US \$2.6m	ZABS, MCTI, Private sector, Cooperating partners
	Maintain membership of International Standards Organisation (ISO)	Us \$47,400	ZABS, MCTI
	Train and intensify use of Trade Attaches	US \$450,000	MFA, MCTI, Cooperating partners
	Continue being an active member of existing and new bilateral and multilateral trade agreements (WTO, COMESA, SADC, AGOA etc)	US \$2.3m	MCTI
	Establish Export Processing Zones (EPZs).	US \$230,000	MCTI, BOZ, MOFED
Immediate objective 6 (Outputs 1,2,3,4,5 and 6)	Encourage establishment of private sector micro credit schemes.	Nill	Private sector, Cooperating partners MOFED BOZ ZRA
	Train MSMEs in business management and technical skills	US \$396,000	Private sector, SEDB Business Associations Cooperating partners
	Establish a revolving fund to be administered by an appropriate institution.	US \$5m	MOFED, MCTI, SEDB, Private sector
	Encourage establishment of central buying agencies for MSMEs.	US \$60,000	SEDB, EBZ, SSIAZ, Private sector, cooperating partners
	Disseminate MSME business and trade information.	US \$80,000	MCTI, SEDB, ZIC, EBZ, SSIAZ
	Establish database on MSMEs	US \$70,000	MCTI, SEDB, SSIAZ, ZIC
	Facilitate the construction of industrial estates by the private sector for leasing to MSME sector.	US \$15,000	SEDB, MCTI

HEALTH LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

HEALTH LOGICAL FRAMEWORK NARRATIVE SUMMARY	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCES OF DATA	IMPORTA NT ASSUMPTIONS
Overall Objective			
To improve the health status of all people in Zambian especially the poor	Increase life expectancy at birth from current level of 37 years to 50 years by the year 2020	ZDHS, National census, special health and population surveys	Consistency of policy direction to improve the health status of the population
			HIV epidemic stabilizes
Immediate objectives Immediate objective 1			
To increase the life expectancy of the population	 Reduce the infant mortality rate from 108 per 1000 live births to 85 per 1000 by 2004 Reduce maternal mortality rate from the current level of 649 per 100,000 live births. Reduce under-five mortality rate by 8 % by the year 	DHS, Census, special health and population surveys	Economic performance of the country improves The HIV epidemic
Output for immediate objective 1	2004 from the current level of 197 per 1000 Reduce the infant mortality rate from 108 per 1000 live	DHS, Census,	levels off
Reduced infant mortality rates.	births to 85 per 1000 by 2004	special health and population surveys	
Reduced U5 Mortality rates.	Reduce under-five mortality rate by 8% by the year 2004 from the current level of 192 per 1000	DHS, Census, special health and population surveys	
3. Increased life expectancy at birth.	Reduce maternal mortality rate from the current level of 202	DHS, Census, special health and population surveys	
Immediate Objective 2 To achieve equity in access to health opportunities	 To increase percentage of rural households within 5km of a health facility by 20% by the year 2004 from current level of 50% To increase the total number of health workers per 1000 population by 10% by the year 2004 from current level of 1.5 Increase the total number of cots and beds by 15% by the year 2004 from the current level of 2.9 	DHS, HIMS, Special health and population surveys, hospital accreditation surveys,	Health reforms remain on course Funds available for infrastructure development Health care cost scheme is available to all people
Output for immediate objective 2 1. Increased number of rural households within 5KM of a health facility	 To increase to 60% the number of households living within 5KM of a health facility by 2004. 	DHS, Census, special health and population surveys	to an people
Increased number of health workers per 1000 people.	To increase to 1.4 the number of health workers per 1000 population by 2004.	DHS, Census, special health and population surveys	
Increased number of cots and beds per 1000 people	 To increase by 15% the number of cots and beds per 1000 population by 2004. 	DHS, Census, Special health and population surveys	
Immediate Objective 3 To create environments which support health	 Increase % of rural populations with access to safe drinking water by 20% from current level of 38%. increase the % of rural populations using safe methods of excreta disposal by 15% from the current 32. reduce the proportion of children who are under-weight by 15% from the current level 7.5% To reduce the proportion of children who are stunted from the current levels of 53%. 	Census, DHS, special surveys, statutes	Responsible stakeholders improve water, sanitation and nutrition

HEALTH LOGICAL FRAMEWORK (Cont'd)

NARRATIVE SUMMARY	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCES OF DATA	IMPORTANT ASSUMPTIONS
Output for immediate Objective 3 Increased percentage of rural and periurban populations with access to safe drinking. Increased percentage of rural and periurban populations with access to safe sanitation.	To Increase to 50% the number of rural populations with access to safe drinking water and sanitation by 2004 from the current 38%. To Increase to 50% the number of rural populations with access to safe sanitation by 2004 from the current 78%.	Census, DHS, special surveys, statutes	
Immeiate objective 4 To encourage lifestyles which support health	 Increase by 20% the proportion of sexually active adults practicing safe sex Reduce by 15% the proportion road traffic accidents due to drinking and driving by 2004 Increase by 10% the % population who have regular health screening by 2004 To maintain the average number of people per room at the current level of 2 by 2004 	DHS, special surveys, HIMS	
Output for immediate objective 4 Increased percentage of the population practicing safe sex	To increase by 20% the population-practicing safe sex by 2004 from the current	DHS, special surveys, HIMS	
2. Reduced road traffic accidents.	To reduce the number of road traffic accidents by 10% by 2004	DHS, special surveys, HIMS	
Immediate Objective 5 To provide assured quality health services	 To increase by 10% the number of health facilities with 80% of establishments filled by 2004 Ensure essential drugs always available at 10% of health facilities by 2004 	Health facility surveys, HIMS, Hospital accreditation surveys	Government's ability to recruit and retain health workers, especially for rural areas.
Increased number of health facilities	 To have 200 health facilities rehabilitated by 2004. To construct 160 new health facilities (health posts) by 2004. 	Health facility surveys, HIMS, Hospital accreditation surveys	
Immediate Objective 6. To reduce the incidence of HIV infection and AIDS (MOVED TO HIV/AIDS LOGICAL FRAME)	MOVED TO HIV/AIDS CHAPTER		

Health activity

Health activity		L COST	I DECDONCIDI E
OUTPUT/ IMMED. OBJECTIVE	PROGRAMME/ACTIVITY	COST	RESPONSIBLE INSTITUTION
ACTIVITIES FOR OBJECTIVE 1	Communicable and non communicable disease prevention	<u>†</u>	MOH,
	programme		NGOs,
			Local communities, DHMT,
			CboH,
			TBAs
	Integrated malaria control		MOH, NGOs,
			Local communities,
			DHMT,
			CboH,
	Durchage and distribution of first line drugs for treatment		TBAs MOH,
	Purchase and distribution of first line drugs for treatment.		NGOs,
			Local communities,
			DHMT,
			CboH, TBAs
	Increase number of community health workers with drug kits		MOH,
			NGOs,
			Local communities,
			DHMT, CboH,
			TBAs
	Control of Diarrhorial diseases (ORS distribution & improve		MOH,
	water and sanitation)		NGOs,
			Local communities, DHMT,
			CboH,
			TBAs
	Routine Vaccination to control EPIs		MOH, NGOs,
			Local communities,
			DHMT,
			CboH,
	Micronutrients supplementary and expand growth monitoring		TBAs MOH,
	education		NGOs,
			Local communities,
			DHMT,
			CboH, TBAs
	Campaigns against measles		MOH,
			NGOs,
			Local communities,
			DHMT, CboH,
			TBAs
ACTIVITIES FOR OBJECTIVE 2	Infrastructure development		MOLL
	Construction of more Health facilities		MOH, Local
			communities/authori
			ties,
			DHMT,
	Rehabilitation of existing Health facilities		СВоН, МОН,
	No labilitation of chisting freatth facilities		Local
			communities/authori
			ties,
			DHMT, CBoH,
	Human Resource Development		555,
	Training of health practitioners (environmental health, clinical		MOH, Local
	care and nursing)		communities/authori ties, DHMT, CBoH,
	Redistribute staff from 3 rd and 2 nd level to district hospital and		MOH, CBoH,
	health centres according to the defined packages of care.		
	Increase number of places available for training of medical		МОН, СВоН,
	doctors, nursing staff, paramedics and clinical officers.		

OUTPUT/ IMMED. OBJECTIVE	PROGRAMMES/ACTIVITES	COST	RESPONSIBLE INSTITUTION
ACTIVITIES FOR OBJECTIVE 2 (Con'd)	Increase the number of bed and cots;		MOH, Local communities/authori ties, CBoH,
	Increase funding for hospital beds costs in nominal terms from the current levels;		MOH, Local communities/authori ties, DHMT, CBoH, TBAs
ACTIVITIES for Objective 3	Community health sensitisation		MOH, MOLG, MENR
	Provision of proper sanitary facilities		MOH, MOLG, MENR
ACTIVITIES for objective 4	Health education		MOH, Local communities/authori ties, NGOs, CBOs, CHWs, HCs, DHMT, CBoH, TBAs
	Increase community awareness through IEC, advocacy and social mobilisation;		MOH, Local communities/authori ties, NGOs, CBOs, CHWs, HCs, DHMT, CBoH, TBAs
	Promote cross-sectoral coordination to develop and implement policies to mitigate the impact of HIV/AIDS.		MOH, Local communities/authori ties, NGOs, CBOs, CHWs, HCs, DHMT, CBoH, TBAs
ACTIVITIES for objective 5	Community health innovation fund.		MOH, Local authorities/communi ties

EDUCATION LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Source of Data	Important Assumptions
Overall Objective To provide relevant, equitable, efficient and quality education for all	 Literacy increased to 75% by 2004 General increase in the quality of graduates 	CSO MOE	Continued Political and Economic Stability
Immediate Objectives Immediate objective 1 Increase access to education	 Increase enrolment at primary by 30% by 2004 Increase enrolment at secondary school by 50% Increase number of students enrolling at tertiary level by 50% by 2004 	MOE CSO special surveys	
Output for immediate Objective 1 1.Increased number of education facilities 2. Increased participation of vulnerable groups	 Increased number of high schools Build 2 high schools (boarding) for girls in rural areas Increased numbers of orphans, the poor, rural, females and persons with special learning needs 	MOE CSO special surveys	
2.Increased number of education providers	Increased number of private and community schools/education providers	MOE CSO special surveys	
Immediate Objective 2 To Improve quality of education at all levels	Ability test results improve to indicate at least 60% obtaining minimum mastery levels by 2004 in all levels of education	MOE CSO special surveys	
Output for Objective 2 1 Increased percentage of attainment of basic mastery skills at all levels 2 Increased availability of learning materials	Improved mastery levels at all levels Textbook to pupil ratio improve to 1: 2 by 2004	MOE CSO special surveys	
3. Relevant curriculum	Revised curriculum developed by 2004	MOE CSO special surveys	
4. Well trained teachers/lecturers	Increase pre-service and in-service enrolment at teacher training college/University by 20% by 2004 Improved teacher: student ratio at primary level to 1:40 Improved teacher: student ratio at secondary level to 1:35	MOE CSO special surveys MSTVT	
Immediate Objective 3 Increase functional literacy	General increase in literacy to 85% by 2004	MOE CSO special surveys	
Outputs for Objective 3 1.Increased number of literacy	Literacy class Attendance rates	MOE	
students 2.Increased number of functional literacy providers	Increased to at least 85% of capacity Train 144 literacy instructor trainers by Train 4000 instructors by 2004 Establish literacy centres at all basic so and establish 100 new literacy centres	CSO special surveys 2004 MOE CSO special shools, surveys	
3.Increased Functional Literacy rates for women	Increase women enrolment by 30% by 2	MOE	
Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Source of Data	Important Assumptions

Immediate Objective 4 To reduce all gender disparities in the education sector	Female to male ratios in education institutions narrowed by 2004	MOE CSO special surveys
Output for Immediate Objective 4		MOE
Increased girl education	Girls to Boys ratio in schools be consistent with population by 2004	CSO special surveys
Increased number of girls/females taking up technical subjects/fields		MOE CSO special surveys
Equity in accessing education	Vulnerable persons given equal opportunity to enrol for education by 2004	MOE MCDSS GIDD
Vulnerable persons given equal opportunity to enrol for education by 2004	Reduced drop out rates among females	MOE CSO special surveys
 Establish bursary scheme for females 	More females accessing education	

Education Activities

Component: BESSI P Extension			
Immediate Objective	Activity	Cost	Responsible institution
Immediate objective 1	Rehabilitate, Extend Infrastructure and construct additional teachers' houses (500)	88,733,726	MOE
Increase Access to Upper Basic Education and	2. Construct and equip workshops (500)	8,252,632	
Improve quality and relevance.	Equip upgraded primary schools with weekly boarding facilities (72).	421,053	
	4. Production, procurement and distribution of materials	1,578,947	
	5. Provide Science kits	236,842	
	6. Provide library books	421,053	
	Teacher development, deployment and compensation	21,747,000	
	Equity and Gender School Health and Nutrition	10,000,000 3,022,146	
	Curriculum Development	1,400,000	
	Capacity Building and Decentralisayion	9,032,000	
	HIV/AIDS Education	12,199,500	
	Sub-Total	157,044,899	
Component : High School Improvement			
Immediate objective 2	Activity	Cost	Responsible Institution
Increase Access and retention and ensure	Review high school curriculum	130,000	MOE,
quality education and curriculum.	Rehabilitate existing high schools (18)	500,000	
	Construct additional classrooms to existing schools (1000)	27,000,000	
	4. Construct additional teachers houses (1200 semi-detached)	20,000,000	
	5. Construct II new schools	33,000,000	
	Construct two Secondary School TTCs	18,000,000	
	7. Procurement of text books	325,000	
	8. Stocking of libraries	325,000	
	Equip, rehabilitate and construct laboratories	10,400,000	
	10. Implement a Bursary scheme for vulnerable children, including girls, (200,000)	10,000,000	
	11. Establish distance learning centres at provincial teachers' resource centres	750,000	
	12. Increase the number of teachers undergoing pre and inservice training	1,500,000	
	13. Improve conditions of service for teachers, in particular to		
	provide a living wage		
Sub – Total	provide a living wage 15. School Health and Nutrition	500,000 122,430,000	

Education Activities (Cont'd)

Conduct base line study to review current literacy programmes	22,000	
	22,000	
programmes		
Create an institution for conducting and collaborating with other stake holders	19,000	MOE, MCDSS
3. Establish literacy centres in all basic schools, and establish	1,700,000	
	· ·	
	, and the second	
7. Train literacy instructor trainers (144) Train instructors (4000)	140,000 2,000,000	
Sub total	4,183,000	
-	Costs	Responsible institution
		•
		MOE, MSTVT, MCDSS
	1,500,000	
scheme, master craftsman schemes, reemployment training schemes & in-service training	500,000	
	1,000,000	
5. Establish data base	160,000	
6. Curriculum Material Development, workout system of	220,000	
7 Train instructors (250)	250,000	
7. Train instructors (200)		
<u></u>	14,130,000	
Support to community schools		
	125,000	MSTVT,
	375,000	MLGH,
		MCD22
7. Grants to schools in lieu of user fees	500,000	
Promote training and recruitment of female teaching staff, workout and implement incentives to work in rural areas	1,800,000	
Provide counselling services	500,000	
Sub total	6,360,000	
Activities	Costs	Responsible institution
Expand and rehabilitate two universities		MOE, MSTVT,
(a) Rehabilitate and expand UNZA	13,000,000	
(b) Rehabilitate and expand CBU	8,000,000	
2. Equip and re-stock libraries at colleges and universities	900,000	
3. Equip laboratories and enhance ICT at two universities		
(a) UNZA	215,000	
(b) CBU	105,000	
Develop long distance learning centres	500,000	
Bursary scheme for vulnerable students (2,000)	150,000	
7. Strengthen scientific and technological coordination role of science and technology research institutions (NISIR, UNZA, CBU, MMRC, TDRC, TDAU)	100,000	
Enhance staff development programme	900,000	
Undertake curriculum review	250,000	
	24.120.000	
Sub total	24,120,000 328,267,399	
	24,120,000 328,267,399 Plus improvement in	
	3. Establish literacy centres 4. Review radio literacy programmes 5. Review Adult Evening classes 6. Produce, procure and distribute literacy materials 7. Train literacy instructor trainers (144) Train instructors (4000) Sub total 1. Redesign and implement the bursary scheme 2. Up-grade, rehabilitate and re-equip skills training centres (50) 3. Increase participation of women 4. Introduce short courses, re-introduce apprenticeship scheme, master craftsman schemes, reemployment training schemes & in-service training 5. Production, procurement and distribution of text books 6. Establish data base 6. Curriculum Material Development, workout system of identifying industry-specific skills requirements 7. Train instructors (250) 1. Support to community schools 2. Implement school inclusive learning 3. Multi-grade teaching 4. Support to page programmes 5. Interactive radio programmes 6. Provide Bursaries for vulnerable children (70,000) 7. Grants to schools in lieu of user fees 8. Promote training and recruitment of female teaching staff, workout and implement incentives to work in rural areas 9. Provide counselling services Sub total Activities 1. Expand and rehabilitate two universities (a) Rehabilitate and expand UNZA (b) Rehabilitate and expand UNZA (c) CBU 5. Develop long distance learning centres 6. Bursary scheme for vulnerable students (2,000) 7. Strengthen scientific and technological coordination role of science and technology research institutions (NISIR, UNZA, CBU, MMRC, TDRC, TDAU)	3. Establish literacy centres in all basic schools, and establish 1,700,000 100 new literacy centres 240,000 5. Review Adult Evening classes 17,000 6. Produce, procure and distribute literacy materials 45,000 7. Train literacy instructor trainers (144) 140,000 2,000,000 17 min literacy instructors (4000) 2,000,000 18 min literacy instructors (4000) 19,000,000 19,000 19,000,000 19,000 19,000 19,000 19,000 19,000 19,00

HIV/AIDS LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Source of Data	Important Assumptions
Overall Objective To reduce the incidence, infection and the socio- economic impact of HIV/AIDS	 The incidence of HIV/AIDS among Zambians aged between 15 & 49 years old reduced from 19% 2001 to 15% in 2005 Reliable Comprehensive Monitoring and Evaluation of HIV/AIDS related expenditure in place by 2005 	National AIDS/HIV/STD/TB council reports MOH records CBOH records CSO reports	PRSP approved by the IMF and World Bank Boards Multilateral/Bil ateral creditors provide HIPC
Immediate Objectives Immediate Objective 1 Reduce HIV/AIDS prevalence in Zambia	 Incidence of HIV/AIDS among in Zambia reduced from19% 2001 to 15% in 2005 Prevelence of HIV/AIDS among antenatal women aged 15-19 years reduced from 17% to 15% Prevelence of STD's from the current rates of 10% to 8% by 2005 Increased condom use from the current rates of 33% 	National AIDS/HIV/STD/TB council reports MOH records CBOH records CSO reports	debt relief
Outputs For immediate objective 1 1. HIV/AIDS prevalence among 15-19 years age group reduced	 for men and 24% for women in 2005 Prevelence of HIV/AIDS among antenatal women aged less than 20 years reduced from 17% to 15% Incidence of HIV/AIDS among the Zambian populace 	National AIDS/HIV/STD/TB council reports MOH records	
 HIV/AIDS prevalence reduced Tuberculosis epidemic contained Reduced prevalence of STD's 	 reduced from 19% 2001 to 15% in 2005 Prevelence of STD's from the current rates of 10% to 8% by 2005 Increased condom use from the current rates of 33% for men and 24% for women in 2005 	CBOH records CSO reports	
Immediate objective 2 Reduce HIV prevalence among 15-19 years age group	 HIV/AIDS prevalence among 15-19 year olds reduced from 15% 2001 to 11% in 2005 Percentage of teenagers aged 15-19 years who are mothers or pregnant with their first child reduced from 59.4% to 45% by 2005 	National AIDS/HIV/STD/TB council reports MOH records CBOH records CSO reports	
Outputs for immediate objective 2 1. HIV/AIDS prevalence among 15-19 years age group reduced 2. Mother to child transmission reduced	 HIV/AIDS prevalence among 15-19 year olds reduced from 15% 2001 to 11% in 2005 Percentage of teenagers aged 15-19 years who are mothers or pregnant with their first child reduced from 59.4% to 45% by 2005 	National AIDS/HIV/STD/TB council reports MOH records CBOH records CSO reports	
<i>Immediate Objective 3</i> Make HIV/AIDS related drugs available	Essential HIV/AIDS related drugs made available in all health centers by 2005	National AIDS/HIV/STD/TB council reports MOH records CBOH records CSO reports	

HIV/AIDS LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Source of Data	Important Assumptions
Outputs For immediate objective 3 1. HIV/AIDS prevalence among 15-19 years age group reduced 2. HIV/AIDS prevalence reduced 3. Mother to child transmission reduced 4. Tuberculosis epidemic contained 5. Voluntary counseling and care programs enhanced 6. Monitoring and evaluation frameworks strengthened 7. Reduced prevalence of STD's	Essential HIV/AIDS related drugs made available in all health centers by 2004 Prevelence of HIV/AIDS among antenatal women aged between 15 – 20 years reduced from 17% to 15% Incidence of HIV/AIDS among the Zambian populace aged between 15 - 49 years reduced from between 19% 2001 to 15% in 2005 Prevelence of STD's from the current rates of 10% to 8% by 2005 Increased condom use from the current rates of 33% for men and 24% for women in 2005	National AIDS/HIV/STD/TB council reports MOH records CBOH records CSO reports	
Immediate Objective 4 Increase support to orphans due to HIV/AIDS	Numbers of reached orphans among the approximate 520,000 orphans to increase	National AIDS/HIV/STD/TB council reports MOH records CBOH records CSO reports	
Outputs For immediate objective 4 1. More resources directed to outreach programmes 2. Reduced numbers of street kids 3. Monitoring and evaluation frameworks strengthened Activities	Numbers of reached orphans among the approximate 520,000 orphans to increase Total cost US\$ 150 Million (three years)	National AIDS/HIV/STD/TB council reports MOH records CBOH records CSO reports	
See appendix	างเลเ cost osจ ารบาทเทเงน (แแee years)		

HIV/AIDS Activity

Output/ Immediate Objective		Responsible Institution
Immediate Objective 1,2,3 & 4 (Outputs 1, 2, 3 & 4)	Surveillance	СВОН
	BTS	MOH
	Social marketing of condoms	Line Ministries
	GRZ Condom distribution	Private sector
	Scaling up of VCT	Civil Society
	STD treatment	и
	Syphilis treatment	и
	Hospital care	и
	Community based home care	и
	MTCT	и
	Co-trimazole prophylaxis	и
	TB Prophilaxix	и
	Operations research	и
	Social welfare costs	и
	HAART treatment	и
	Catalytic projects	и
	Social Welfare costs	и
	Running of secretariat and council	и
	TOTAL COSTS: US\$150 Million	и

GENDER LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

NARRATIVE SUMMARY	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCES OF DATA	IMPORTANT ASSUMPTIONS
Overall objective To promote gender balance to ease burden of poverty especially of women at the household, community and national level.	GIDD index	GIDD	Political will Cultural will
Immediate objectives Immediate Objective 1 To enhance access to and control of productive resources Outputs for immediate objective 1 1. Increased participation of women in economic activities 2. Special schemes for women 3. Gender responsive policies and programmes	Number of women participating in economic activities	Special surveys, Planning units in line ministries	
Owning of property and access to economic resources eased for women	Number of women owning land and other property	MOL Reports, special surveys,	
Increased number of women in teaching, technical and administrative positions Increased access to information by women	Number of women in teaching, technical and administrative positions Number of women accessing necessary services	MOE, MLSS, special surveys	
Expanded sources of credit for the poor	Number of financial institutions catering for the needs of the poor especially women	Financial institutions, special surveys	
8. Increased access to credit by women	Number of credit networks available		
Increased women participation in employment and income generating activities	Initiatives in support of informal sectorExtent of market accessibility	Special surveys, CSO reports	
Immediate Objective 2			
To enhance women's participation in decision- making processes Output for Immediate objective 2	Ex tent of women participation in decision making	Trade union reports, professional and social organization reports, special studies	
Increased participation of women in decision making processes	Level of women participation in trade unions, other professional and social organisations		
Immediate objective 3		All forms of reports, data bases,	
To facilitate the generation & analysis of Gender disaggregated data & information.		publications and researches, special surveys	
Output for immediate objective 3			
Gender disaggregated data and analysis made available	Extent of gender sensitivity in data bases, publications and research		

Gender activities

Output/Immediate objectives		Cost	Responsible Institution
Immediate objective 1 (Outputs 1,2 and 3)	Gender training for budget analysts.		MOFED
	Sensitisation of members of parliament on gender issues.		GIDD All line
	Analyse national budgets from a gender perspective taking into account their differential impacts on men and women.		ministries
	Promote Gender responsive national budget.	US \$102,000	
Immediate objective 1 (Output 4)	Enact / enforce laws to remove barriers to the economic participation of women.		Ministry of lands
	Provision of land rights on an equitable basis		Ministry of legal Affairs
	Introduce legal reforms that protect and ensure women's rights and access to natural resources.		GIDD
	Guarantee the right of women to buy, sell, obtain affordable housing, inherit and administer property and absolute right to work	US \$110,000	
Immediate objective 3 (Output 1)	Strengthen data gathering capacities of Gender National Machinery, Gender focal points in line ministries, provinces and other government institutions		CSO GIDD UNZA CBU INESOR
	Improve concepts and methods of data collection on measurements of poverty among women and men		MOFED Other Research institutions
	Strengthen vital statistical systems to incorporate Gender analysis into publications and research	US \$371,000	All line ministries
	Develop Gender sensitive data bases, information, monitoring systems, participatory research oriented methodologies and policy analyses		
	Provide training in Gender analysis and planning to enable gender responsible policy and programming	-	
	Strengthen Gender statistics unit		

ENVIRONMENT LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

NARRATIVE SUMMARY	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCE OF DATA	ASSUMPTIONS
Overall Objective: To formulate appropriate policies on the protection of the environment, management and development of natural resources and ensure their efficient and effective delivery and implementation.	Environment mainstreamed in PRSP programmes	Sector Papers Line Ministries Reports CSO ECZ NEAP Document	Political will Cultural will Availability of funds
Immediate Objective 1: To formulate appropriate policies, plans and programmes on the protection of the Environment and natural resources.	Number of policies developed and implemented	NEAP Document Literature review Consultative W/shops	Political will Availability of funds.
Output for immediate objective 1	Functional Policy in place	Literature review	Political will
National Environmental Policy approved and implemented		Studies NEAP document Consultative workshops	Availability of funds
Natural Resource Policies developed and implemented	Number of other natural resource policies developed and implemented	Literature review Studies NEAP document Consultative workshops	Political will Availability of funds
Environmental Regulations and Laws formulated and implemented	Number of Laws and regulations formulated and implemented. Reduced rates of deforestation Reduced rates of pollution Improved waste management	NEAP document Literature review International convention agreements Other Institutional data	Public compliance
Harmonized laws and regulations for Environment Management.	Reduced conflicts in environmental management	International convention agreements Consultative workshops Line ministries	Stakeholder participation
Immediate Objective 2: To enhance protection and Management of Natural Resources in order to promote its sustainable improvement of livelihoods of the communities.	Well protected / Conserved Ecosystem Sustained yield of natural resources Improved livelihoods	MENR Community	
Outputs for Immediate Objective 2 1. Protected and well-managed natural resource base.	Reduced environmental degradationStocking levels	MENR/FDHQ ECZ CSO Mines District Councils	Availability of funds Community willingness to participate
2. Improved livelihoods of the communities.	Household Income levels Health status Number of community based initiatives	Village households District/Village Registers Clinics	
Sustained flow of natural resources products and income	Forest stocking levels Level of land/ forest degradation	Management plans Field observations MENR	
Improved stakeholder participation in Natural Resource Management.	Number of stakeholders participating Level of compliance	Community MENR records	Community willingness to participate
Immediate Objective 3: To regulate and enforce environmental laws to ensure compliance by stakeholders.	Number of defaulters Level of compliance	ECZ Courts	
Outputs for Immediate Objective 3 1. Improved capacity of regulators to effectively carry out their duties	Number of Officers trained and re-trained Necessary facilities in place	ECZ FD	
Improved awareness raising by stakeholders to comply with environmental regulations.	Reduced number of people flouting environmental laws Number of EIA conducted	Community Other stakeholders	
3. Improv ed stakeholder participation in Environmental and Natural Resources Management.	Number of stakeholders involved in environment and natural resource mgt.	MENR	
Environmental Laws and Regulations regulated and enforced	Number of EIA's conducted Number of individuals and institutions complying with environmental laws and regulations	ECZ FD	

ENVIRONMENT LOGICAL FRAMEWORK (Cont'd)

NARRATIVE SUMMARY	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCE OF DATA	ASSUMPTIONS
Immediate Objective 4: To build capacity of personnel in order to enhance their individual and institutional contribution in environmental sustenance.	Number of trained personnel Quality of service delivery Status/Condition of the environment	MENR	
Outputs for Immediate Objective 4 1. Trained and Skilled Human Resources to effectively manage the environment and natural resources	Number of trained and skilled personnel	MENR ZFC ECZ	
Relevant curriculum developed and implemented.	Developed curriculum in place	UNZA CBU Other Institutions	
Improved institutional capacity	Necessary facilities in place	MENR	Availability of funds

Environment activities

Environment activities OBJECTIVE / OUTPUT	Activity	Costs(\$)	Resp. Inst
Immediate objective 1 Output 1: National	,		
Environmental Policy approved and implemented	Collect and review sector policies Engage expert/consultant	1 000 50 000	MENR MENR
	3. Hold nine provincial workshops and one national w/shop	285 000	MENR
	Froduce draft policy document	40,000	MENR
	5. Submit document, monitor and evaluate	80000	MENR
			IVIEIVIK
O. to t 2. Other met met men men mellete	Subtotal	456, 000	MENID
Output 2: Other natural resource policies	Identify areas which are not adequately covered by existing	-	MENR
-	policy	25 000	MENID
	Hold consultative meetings with stakeholders	25 000	MENR
	3. Develop draft policies	-	MENR
	Circulate draft policies to line ministries	-	MENR
	Develop final environmental policy document	6 000	MENR
	6. Policy dissemination	50 000	MENR
	Subtotal	81,000	
Output 3: Environmental regulations and laws	Identify emerging issues and areas of concern on	-	MENR
formulated and implemented	environmental management.		ECZ
	Hold stakeholder workshops	15 000	ECZ,
			MENR
			MOT
	Formulation of environmental laws and regulations	2 000	MENR
	4. Sensitization and dissemination of new laws/regulations	50 000	MENR
	Legitimise and promote women's understanding of the	0	MENR
	environment		
	Implementation of new laws and regulations	-	MENR
	7. Monitoring and evaluation	40 000	MENR
	Subtotal	107, 000	MENR
Output 4: Harmonized laws and regulations for	Review of existing laws and regulations relating to the	10 000	MENR
environmental protection	environment		
·	Identify gaps and inconsistencies in existing laws and	-	MENR
	regulations		
	Harmonizing conflicting laws and regulations	-	MENR
	Disseminate the harmonized laws and regulations for	50 ,000	MENR
	implementation		
	Subtotal	60 ,000	
OBJECTIVE 2			
Output 1: Protected and Well managed resource base	Inventory of existing natural resource base	120 000	MENR
in Kaoma, Siavonga and Luangwa	, , ,		MOT
	Identify and prioritize specific projects		MENR
	3. Fund identified projects		MENR
	Procuring of a weed harvesting machine	000, 00	ECZ,
	3		MENR
	5. Undertaking a biological control method of the Kafue weed	50 ,000	ECZ
	l	, , , , , , ,	MENR
	Subtotal	230 000	
Output 2: Improved livelihoods of the communities in	Conduct the PRA and sensitization program	12 000	MENR
Kaoma	Procuring of beekeeping training equipment and materials	57 000	MENR
	Training the local people in b/keeping production techniques	30 000	MENR
	Rehabilitation of honey/wax processing plant	4 000	MENR
	Netrabilitation of notey, wax processing plant Procurement of beekeeping materials and equipment for	4 000	MENR
	honey and wax production		IVILIVI
	6. Establishment of localized honey and wax processing centers	10 000	MENR
	7. Establishment of localized from and wax processing centers 7. Establishment of localized storage facility	10 000	MENR
	8. Monitoring and evaluation	10 000	MENR
	Subtotal	123 000	IVILIVI
Output 2: Equit/Egroct Trop actablishment/Agrafaceata	1. Conduct the PRA	123 000	MENR
Output 3: Fruit/Forest Tree establishment/Agroforestry		20.000	
project in Siavonga.	Training the local people in basic Fruit/Forest Tree techniques Procurement of purcery inputs	30 000	MENR
	Procurement of nursery inputs Establishment of community Fruit/Forest Tree nurseries	20 000	MENR
	Establishment of community Fruit/Forest Tree nurseries Establishment of Fruit/Forest Tree Orchords Mondlets	5 000	MENR
	Establishment of Fruit/Forest Tree Orchards/Woodlots Manitoring and Fruit/Forest Tree Orchards/Woodlots	2 000	MENR
	6. Monitoring and Evaluation	5 000	MENR
0	Subtotal	62 000	MENIS
Output 4: Luangwa River Bank Rehabilitation	Species needs Assessment	-	MENR
	Procurement of desired seedlings/seeds	5 000	MENR
			MEND
J	Nursery establishment	1 000	MENR
	Nursery establishment Tree planting/establishment of degraded areas	1 000 6 000	MENR
	Nursery establishment Tree planting/establishment of degraded areas Establishment of Agro-forestry plots		
	Nursery establishment Tree planting/establishment of degraded areas Establishment of Agro-forestry plots	6 000	MENR
	Nursery establishment Tree planting/establishment of degraded areas	6 000 2 000	MENR MENR

Environment activities (Cont'd)

Environment activities (Cont'd)			
Output 5: Empowering Communities and Forest	Identify Potential areas for Forestry investment	-	MENR
Entrepreneurs to undertake conservation, production,	Identify potential entrepreneurs	-	MENR
processing and marketing of forest products in	Inventory of existing stocks of natural resources	40 000	MENR
Chongwe	Development of Joint Forestry Management Plans	4 000	MENR
	5. Monitoring and Evaluation	20 000	MENR
	Subtotal	64 000	MENR
Output 6: Community Environmental Management	Conduct district PRA	-	MENR
Plans - CEMP in 13 Districts	Development of Community Environment Action Plans	310000	MENR
	(CEAPs)		
	Implementation of CEAPs	300000	MENR
	Community Capacity Building	150000	MENR
	5. Monitoring and Evaluation	140000	MENR
	Subtotal	900,000	
Output 7: Existing Program – PFAP	Preparation of Provincial Forest Action Programme document	106 000	MENR
	District strategic planning	22 100	MENR
	Implementation of Provincial Forestry Action plans	741 000	MENR
	Subtotal	869 100	
Output 8: Existing Program – CBNRM in Kasempa and			
Mumbwa	Development of Participatory Management Plans	110000	MENR
	Training of Communities in alternative income generation	35000	MENR
	activities such as beekeeping, fish farming, oil processing		
	etc.		
	Development of community micro-projects	100000	MENR
	Development of community revolving fund mechanisms	300000	MENR
OBJECTIVE 3			
Output 1: Improved capacity of regulators to effectively		35 000	MNER
carry out their duties	Provision of equipment for monitoring purposes	60 000	MNER
	Subtotal	95 000	MENR
Output 2: Improved awareness raising by stakeholder	Conduct sensitization programme on environmental	15 000	MENR
to comply with environmental regulations	standards and regulations		
	Subtotal	15 000	
Output 3: Improved Stakeholder Participation in	Sensitize private sector , NGO's and local communities on	25 000	MENR
Environmental and Natural Resources Management.	the benefits of environment and natural resources	20 000	
	Provide incentives to stakeholders		MENR
	Subtotal	25 000	
Output 4: Environmental laws and regulations	Train officers in local councils in environmental impact	60 000	MENR
regulated and enforced.	assessments procedures on developmental projects.		
	Participatory monitoring of environmental laws and	6 000	MENR
	regulations by government and stakeholders (exploitation rates,		
	pollution etc)		
	Subtotal	66 000	
OBJECTIVE 4			
Output 1: Trained and skilled human resource to	1.Conduct Training Needs Assessment	45 000	MENR
effectively manage the environment and natural	Develop a staff training plan for MENR	6 000	MENR
resources.	Training of students in Natural Resource Management	9 000	MENR
	Staff and Community Sensitization on dangers of HIV/AIDS	25 000	MENR
	Subtotal	85 000	
Output 2: Relevant Curriculum Developed and	Conduct curriculum review workshops	10 000	MENR
implemented	Produce short course modules	20 000	MENR
	Subtotal	30 000	
Output 3: Improved Institutional capacity	Establish a research and Development Unit at ZFC	50 000	MENR
	Source materials for ZFC Library and Laboratory	30 000	MENR
	Rehabilitation of students hostels and lecturers	30 000	MENR
	accommodation	440.000	
	Subtotal	110 000	
	TOTAL COSTING	3, 774, 100	

ENERGY LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

ENERGY LOGICAL FRAMEWORK NARATIVE SUMMARY	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCES OF DATA	ASSUMPTI ONS
OVERALL OBJECTIVE:			
To ensure optimum supply and utilization of energy.	% Increased supply of energy sources.	CSO - LCMS	
3,	Increased demand for electricity of 2% per annum up to 2010	Specific surveys in the energy sector	
	Increased demand for petroleum of 3.6%per annum up to 2010,		
	Increased demand for coal of 2.4% per annum up to 2010.	Energy department reports	
	Increased Charcoal demand of 4.0% per annum up to 2010		
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES			
Immediate Objective 1 To increase electricity access rate for both rural and urban areas.	 Increase the electricity access rate from the current 2% to 15% in rural areas by the year 2010. Increase the electricity access rate from the current 35% to 70% in urban areas by the year 2010. Number of rural households electrified. 	CSO - LCMS. ZESCO reports. Department of energy reports. Specific surveys in the energy sector.	
OUTPUT FOR SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	Number of communities electrified. Number of identified sites on project rehabilitated.	MEWD Reports	
1. Rehabilitated power stations.	Amount of nouser cumplied in magazinto	MEM/D Deports	
Increased hydro- electric power supply. Extended and efficient rehabilitated power.	Amount of power supplied in megawatts. Power distribution system extended and rehabilitation	MEWD Reports MEWD Reports	
distribution system. 4.Available, affordable and accessible power supply to households and for industrial use 5.Improved management systems in Electricity Generation, Transmission, and distribution.	completed by 2006. Additional Number of households electrified Improved payment rates of electricity bills Increased production rates in local industries Reduction in power loses. Reductions in power supply interruptions to insignificant rates. Improved billing systems in place Affordable tariff structures in place by the year 2002 in both rural and Urban areas	CSO-LCMS ZESCO Reports MEWD Reports ZESCO Reports MEWD Reports	
	rurai anu Orban areas		
Immediate Objective 2 Reduce dependency on wood fuel and promote efficient use of alternative energy resources.	 Reduce dependency on wood fuel from the current 72% to 45% by the year 2010 (or from 72% to 63% by the year 2004). 	CSO LCMS Special surveys MEWD reports MENR reports	
Output for immediate objective 2 1. Efficient methods of wood fuel use developed.	Number of efficient methods for use of woodfuel developed by the year 2004. (e.g. improved stove/ mbaula).	MEWD Reports	
Developed viable and new and renewable sources of energy technologies.	Wider use of and application of viable and available new and renewable sources of energy developed and in use by the year 2004.(e.g. solar energy)	MEWD Reports	
Immediate Objective 3 Increase electricity export to neighboring countries.	Increase the % of electricity export to other countries by 300% by the year 2010.	ZESCO Reports MEWD Reports MOFED Indicators BOZ Reports	

ENERGY LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

NARATIVE SUMMARY	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCES OF DATA	ASSUMPTI ONS
Output for immediate objective 3 1. Increased pow er supply.	Increase in megawatts exported.	MEWD Reports	
2. Developed and established new power stations.	Number of developed and completed new power stations by the year 2010		
Increased export earnings from electricity exports.	% Increase in ex port earnings by the year 2010.		
Immediate Objective 4 To supply and utilise petroleum in the most efficient and cost effective manner.	Reduction in the number of leakages Increase storage capacity for crude oil by the year 2004. Improved Management systems for petroleum and petroleum products.	MEWD Reports INDENI Reports	
Output for immediate objective 4 1. Rehabilitated Tazama pipeline from Ndola to Darsalaam and 3 storage Tanks (currently the project has been canc elled).	Rehabilitation completed by 2004		
2. Technical cell on petroleum in the ministry created.	Technical cell on petroleum in the ministry created by the year 2003.		

Immediate Objectives/outputs		COST	Responsible institutions
Immediate objective 1 (outputs 1,2,3,4 and 5)	Power Rehabilitation Project which involve the following activities:	US\$235 million	
	1. Rehabilitation of power stations namely Victoria Falls, Kafue Gorge and	03\$233 1111111011	MEWD
	Kariba North Bank.		ZESCO ZESCO
	Rehabilitation of the ZESCO Power Transmission System, Lusaka distribution System and the Copperbelt Distribution System in Ndola and Kitwe.		ZESCO
	3. Loss reduction in the Lusaka Area		ZESCO
	4. Gwembe-Tonga Rehabilitation and Development Program		MEWD
	5. ZESCO Institutional Strengthening		MEWD ZESCO
	6. Hydropower Development and Transmission Line Policy		ERB MEWD
	Electrification of Mkushi Farm Block A fresh feasibility study should be conducted.		
			MEWD
	Private sector participation to electrify the remaining areas of the farming block will be packaged.		ERB Private investors.
			IIIVESIOIS.
	Rural Electrification Programme (approving of proposals) Development of a National Master Plan	US\$ 30.4 Million	ZESCO OPPPI
	07804/ 1 1 1 1 1 1		MEWD
	Increase power supply to 27MW to Lumwana Mine in solwezi		MEWD (OPPPI)
			CEC
Immediate Objective 2 (output 1,2 and 3)	Development of the Kafue Gorge Lower Hydro Electric Scheme (KGL)		ZESCO MEWD
innediate Objective 2 (output 1,2 and 3)	Development of the Kalde Gorge Lower Hydro Electric Scheme (KGL)		(OPPPI)
			ZESCO
			Private investors
			MEWD
	Construction of the Itezhi-Tezhi Hydro Electric Projec t		(OPPPI)
			ZESCO Private
			investors
	Construction of the		MEWD
	Zambia-Tanzania Interconnector		(OPPPI)
			Private investors
	Construction of the Victoria Falls Katimamulilo 132KV interconnection line.	UA 11.98 million (US \$ 9.2 Million)	ZESCO
	Promoting efficient production and utilisation of woodfuel	,	MEWD,
Immediate objective 2 (output 1 and 2).		LIC¢ 1 Million	ZESCO
		US\$ 1 Million	ERB, NGOs MENR
			Private secto
			MEWD,
	Development and dissemination of viable new and renewable sources of energy technologies.		ZESC O ERB, NGOs
	or energy technologies.		MENR
			Private secto
Immediate objective 4 (output 1 and2)	Petroleum Rehabilitation Project with the following activities:	Indicative cost is US\$ 48 million	
	Rehabilitation of the TAZAMA Pipeline from Dar-Es-Salaam to Ndola	JJψ ₹U HIIIIIUH	MEWD
	including the tank farm in Dar-Es-Salaam;		INDENI MOFED
	2. Rehabilitation of the Fuel Terminal;		MEWD
			INDENI MOFED
	3. Creation of a Technical Cell on petroleum in the Ministry of Energy and		MEWD

Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Source of Data	Important Assumptions
Overall Objective			
To contribute to poverty reduction through increased access to safe water and sanitation, increased food production and food security Immediate Objectives	% Of the population with access to clean water Percentage of households who are food secure	LCMS Health surveys	
Immediate Objective 1			
To reduce health risks through improvement of water supply and sanitation services	 Percentage of the population with access to clean water% of the population by year 2004. Reduction in water bone diseases from current levels to by year 2004. 	Health surveys LCMS, ZDHS ZDHS	
Outputs For immediate objective 1 1. Increased access to safe water by the population	 Access to safe water increased from 55% to 70% by rear 2004 	LCMS	
Immediate objective 2 To improve water and sanitation supply in rural areas	 Number of Water facilities established in rural areas Percentage of the rural population with access to water supply 	Health surveys	
Outputs for immediate objective 2 Enhanced accessibility to safe water in rural areas	 Enhanced access to safe water supply from 40% to 60% of rural population by 2004. 600 boreholes sunk per year for the next three years. 	MEWD MLGH records Special health surveys MEWD records	
Immediate objective 3 To establish a comprehensive management information systems for planning and management of water resources.	Number of hydrological stations established in the 3 years	MEWD records	
Outputs for immediate objective 3 Hydrological data provision improved	300 hydrological stations established in the next 3 years	MEWD records	
Immediate objective 4 To improve the technical aspects of water resource allocation practices conservation and ensure effective use of developed infrastructure.	Water licensing practiced in a consistent way acceptable to the users as verified by the number and type of conflicts	MEWD records	
Outputs for immediate objective 4 1. Appropriate water allocation guidelines in place for the decision makers	Appropriate water allocation guidelines in place for the decision makers by year 2004	MEWD records	Revised water allocation guidelines approved and affected
2. Standards for construction quality of infrastructure in place	Standards for construction quality of infrastructure in place	MEWD records	Funding for promoting activities in place
3. improved technical procedure or consideration for water right investigation	improved technical procedure or consideration for water right investigation by year 2004	MEWD records	Appropriate legal and institutional framework in place
effective monitoring of water allocation and infrastructure in place	effective monitoring of water allocation and infrastructure in place by year 2004	MEWD records	Appropriate human resources in place and retained
5. water resource planning, principles and capacity developed	water resource planning, principles and capacity developed by year 2004	MEWD records	Appropriate water resources information system in place

WATER AND SANITATION LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Source of Data	Important Assumptions
Immediate objective 5 To integrate economic value of water into the decision making process for water resource management and development	A procedure for assessment of the economic impacts of decisions made must be established by 2004.	MEWD records	Planned contributions from other components to improved sector management improved.
Outputs for immediate objective5 1. Methods for deriving the social and economic value of water Established	Manual of methods for deriving the social and economic value of water developed by year 2004	MEWD records	
2. Policy and mechanisms for raw water use and pricing.	 Policy and mechanisms for raw water use and pricing developed by year 2004 	MEWD records	
3. appropriate budget /WRM costs established	appropriate budget /WRM costs established by year 2004	MEWD records	
4. Effective economic instruments for water allocation amongst competing users applied.	 Effective economic instruments for water allocation amongst competing users applied by year 2004. 	MEWD records	
Immediate objective 6 To exploit the irrigation potential and integrate it into the agricultural process	percentage increase in agricultural productivity	MAFF records,	
Outputs for immediate objective 6 1. new farming blocks identified and developed	Number of new agricultural farming blocks developed by year 2004	MAFF records	
2. agricultural productivity increased	Percentage increase in agricultural productivity from current levels	MAFF records	
	Percentage increase in agricultural exports	MAFF records CSO	
Water and capitation activity	•		
Water and sanitation activity			
Output/ Immediate Objective		Cost (US\$)	Responsible Institution
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1)	Commercialize water supply and sanitation services in the Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern		
Output/ Immediate Objective	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water	(US\$)	Institution
Output/ Immediate Objective	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas.	(US\$) 10,000,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 2	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas. 1. Establish water facilities in the province- Eastern	(US\$) 10,000,000 20,000,000 75,000,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH MLGH, NGOs
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1)	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas. 1. Establish water facilities in the province- Eastern 2. Construction and rehabilitation of dams and weirs	(US\$) 10,000,000 20,000,000 75,000,000 12,000,000 6,000,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH MLGH, NGOs local Authorities
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 2 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 3	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas. 1. Establish water facilities in the province- Eastern 2. Construction and rehabilitation of dams and weirs 3. Supply of water to drought stricken areas 1. Provision of water resource assessment equipment and	(US\$) 10,000,000 20,000,000 75,000,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH MLGH, NGOs local Authorities
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 2 (Outputs 1)	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas. 1. Establish water facilities in the province- Eastern 2. Construction and rehabilitation of dams and weirs 3. Supply of water to drought stricken areas	(US\$) 10,000,000 20,000,000 75,000,000 12,000,000 6,000,000 10,000,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH MLGH, NGOs local Authorities
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 2 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 3 (Output1) Immediate Objective 4	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas. 1. Establish water facilities in the province Eastern 2. Construction and rehabilitation of dams and weirs 3. Supply of water to drought stricken areas 1. Provision of water resource assessment equipment and materials 2. Ground water exploration Outline current water allocation process as outlined by law,	(US\$) 10,000,000 20,000,000 75,000,000 12,000,000 6,000,000 10,000,000 500,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH MLGH, NGOs local Authorities
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 2 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 3 (Output1)	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas. 1. Establish water facilities in the province Eastern 2. Construction and rehabilitation of dams and weirs 3. Supply of water to drought stricken areas 1. Provision of water resource assessment equipment and materials 2. Ground water exploration	(US\$) 10,000,000 20,000,000 75,000,000 12,000,000 6,000,000 10,000,000 500,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH MLGH, NGOs local Authorities
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 2 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 3 (Output1) Immediate Objective 4	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas. 1. Establish water facilities in the province- Eastern 2. Construction and rehabilitation of dams and weirs 3. Supply of water to drought stricken areas 1. Provision of water resource assessment equipment and materials 2. Ground water exploration Outline current water allocation process as outlined by law, determine and review underlying principles Study and review up to date principles for water allocation Prepare guidelines based on clarified or adopted principles	(US\$) 10,000,000 20,000,000 75,000,000 12,000,000 6,000,000 10,000,000 500,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH MLGH, NGOs local Authorities
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 2 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 3 (Output1) Immediate Objective 4	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas. 1. Establish water facilities in the province- Eastern 2. Construction and rehabilitation of dams and weirs 3. Supply of water to drought stricken areas 1. Provision of water resource assessment equipment and materials 2. Ground water exploration Outline current water allocation process as outlined by law, determine and review underlying principles Study and review up to date principles for water allocation Prepare guidelines based on clarified or adopted principles out line and review existing process for water resources infrastructure development	(US\$) 10,000,000 20,000,000 75,000,000 12,000,000 6,000,000 10,000,000 500,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH MLGH, NGOs local Authorities
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 2 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 3 (Output1) Immediate Objective 4 (Output1)	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas. 1. Establish water facilities in the province- Eastern 2. Construction and rehabilitation of dams and weirs 3. Supply of water to drought stricken areas 1. Provision of water resource assessment equipment and materials 2. Ground water exploration Outline current water allocation process as outlined by law, determine and review underlying principles Study and review up to date principles for water allocation Prepare guidelines based on clarified or adopted principles out line and review existing process for water resources infrastructure development identify and review current standards and procedures for the approval of designs and monitoring of construction in	(US\$) 10,000,000 20,000,000 75,000,000 12,000,000 6,000,000 10,000,000 500,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH MLGH, NGOs local Authorities
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 2 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 3 (Output1) Immediate Objective 4 (Output1)	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas. 1. Establish water facilities in the province- Eastern 2. Construction and rehabilitation of dams and weirs 3. Supply of water to drought stricken areas 1. Provision of water resource assessment equipment and materials 2. Ground water exploration Outline current water allocation process as outlined by law, determine and review underlying principles Study and review up to date principles for water allocation Prepare guidelines based on clarified or adopted principles out line and review existing process for water resources infrastructure development identify and review current standards and procedures for the	(US\$) 10,000,000 20,000,000 75,000,000 12,000,000 6,000,000 10,000,000 500,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH MLGH, NGOs local Authorities
Output/ Immediate Objective Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 2 (Outputs 1) Immediate Objective 3 (Output1) Immediate Objective 4 (Output1) (Output2)	Provinces -Northern, Luapula, Eastern 2. Set up systems for sustainable management of commercial utilities with seed operative capital for the water and sewerage companies 3. Rehabilitate and expand sustainable systems for management of water supply and sanitation facilities in periurban areas. 1. Establish water facilities in the province- Eastern 2. Construction and rehabilitation of dams and weirs 3. Supply of water to drought stricken areas 1. Provision of water resource assessment equipment and materials 2. Ground water exploration Outline current water allocation process as outlined by law, determine and review underlying principles Study and review up to date principles for water allocation Prepare guidelines based on clarified or adopted principles out line and review existing process for water resources infrastructure development identify and review current standards and procedures for the approval of designs and monitoring of construction in progress Outline and review current water right investigation	(US\$) 10,000,000 20,000,000 75,000,000 12,000,000 6,000,000 10,000,000 500,000	Institution MLGH, MLGH MLGH, NGOs local Authorities

Output/ Immediate Objective		Cost (US\$)	Responsible Institution
(Output 4)	Formulate for new and improved routines for monitoring water allocation and infrastructure		И
7-	Implement routines and procedures		и
(Output 5)	Determine, outline and review current procedures and capacities for water planning and make recommendations for improvements		u
	Assess adequacy of law or government procedures in this area and propose improvements		и
	Plan and implement measures for increasing the capacity for water resources planning	106,000*	и
Immediate Objective 5 (Outputs1,2,3,4 and 5)	Assess the use of water resources as an input in the development of other sectors Establish policy guidelines for raw water pricing and		" MEWD
	mechanisms applied		
	Establish practices for raw water tariff setting and mechanisms		
	Identify current revenues and costs		
	Identify unused revenue sources		
	Establish suitable billing and AFMIS system		
	Establish suitable revenue collection systems/procedures Establish/implement economic raw water tariffs		
	Amend water act to include ground water.		
	Principles and priorities for water allocation amongst competing users established		
	Principles and priorities for water allocation approved by government.	5,500**	
Objective 6 (outputs 1and 2.)	Surveying and demarcating of farming areas with irrigation potential		MEWD, MAFF, MOL
	Construction of dams, weirs and canals in agricultural areas	21,760,000	MAFF, MEWC
	Plan for construction of Dams in Faring areas		MAFF, MEWD,
	Purchase and distribution of irrigation implements for small, medium scale farmers	1,500,000	

TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION LOGICAL FE			
Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Source of Data	Important Assumptions
To create an efficient transport and Communication system that would promote economic growth and poverty reduction	%Growth in GDP	CSO, BOZ and MOFED Economic Report	Political will
Immediate objectives Immediate objective 1: To preserve the investments that have been made in the transport sector	Number of road, rail, air and water infrastructure maintained by year 2004.	MCT, NACL, MWS records DMIW and ZRL records	
Outputs for immediate objective 1 1. Maintained Railway, Road Air Water and Communication infrastructure	Distance in Kms of rail maintained Number of Airports and Air strips maintained Telecommunication Infrastructure maintained Number and distance of water ways and canals maintained	ZRL records NACL records MCT records DMIW records	
Immediate objective 2			
To develop and construct new infrastructure to link neighboring countries and new economic	Number of rail lines linked to various countries Airports and Airstrips upgraded to international standards	MTC, records NACL records	
productive areas	Number and distance of roads linking productive areas developed	NRB, MCT records	
Outputs for immediate objective 2 1. Rail corridors leading to seaports and other neighboring countries developed.	Number of kilometers of rail lines constructed	MWS, MTC records	
Aerodromes and Airports developed to international standards	Number of Aerodromes and Airports brought to International standards	NACL, MTC records	
3. Improved cargo Handling capacity at mpulungu	Increased capacity of the Harbor from current level.	MCT records	
Harbor.	Increased traffic from current level	MIWW records	
Immediate Objective 3 To develop and improve rural travel and transport	Number of transport modes created and developed	MCT records	Political will
Outputs for immediate objective 3 1. Rural transport improved	Number of Intermediate transport modes developed	MLGH records	
2. Motorised and non motorised means of transport developed	Infrastructure such as foot bridges, foot paths developed by year 2004	MTC records MLGH records	
Immediate objective 4 To develop safe, sufficient and sustainable maritime and inland waterways transport systems	Number of canals and distances cleared by year 2004 (350 km)	DMIW records MTC records	
	Number of rescue co-ordinating centres re- established.	DMIW records	
Outputs for immediate objective 4 1. Improved, safe and efficient water transport system	Number of Navigation Gates and rescue systems set up	DMIW records MTC records	
Increased participation in international and inland waters shipping activities and economic growth	Level of traffic at the international Harbors (Mpulungu and Siavonga)		
Immediate objective 5: To upgrade skills, management and operations in the transport sector	Number of well trained operators and managers in the transport sector	MTC records	
Outputs for objective 5: Regional training canters established	Number of people trained .	MTC records	
	Number of training centers set up	MTC records	
Legislation to transform CIT into the Zambia Institute of Transport (ZIT) in place	Legislation to transform CIT into the Zambia Institute of Transport (ZIT) in place by year 2003	MTC records	
Training programmes in transport planning research and management established	Training programmes in transport planning research and management established by year 2004	MTC records	

List of Activities - Transpo			
Output/ Immed. Objective	Activity	Cost	Responsible Institution
For immediate objective 1	Railway transport	(US\$)	
(output 1)	Rehabilitation and extension of the Mulobezi Railway line	0	ZRL
(output 1)	Rehabilitation and upgrading of the signaling and telecommunication of ZRL	0	ZIVL
	remainitation and applicating of the signatury and telecommunication of ZRE	0	ZRL
	Water transport	1,584,948	
	Rehabilitation and development of waterways and Canals	1,000,100	MCT
	Rehabilitation and upgrading of Mpulungu Harbor	0	MCT-DMIW
	Rehabilitation and reconstruction of Pontoons and bridges		MWS
	Air transport		
	Rehabilitation and improvement of the Livingstone Airport	3,000,000	NACL
	Provision of Navi Aids and telecoms Equipment for Lusaka International Airport		
		4,000,000	NACL
	Upgrading of pavements, improving runways and Taxiways at some provincial		
	Airports (Kasama, Chipata, South down and Mbala)		MCT-DCA
	Telecommunication infrastructure		
	Application of Meteology to Agricultural development	800,000	MTC (Meteorological Department
	Setting up telecommunication facilities in tourist attraction areas	4,200,000	MCT, MOT
	Installation Of a digital Telephone exchange in Chingola	660,000	ZAMTEL
	Provision of postal lobbies	2,460,000	ZAMPOST
	Provision of technical assistance to the communication authority	609,000	Telecommunications authority
Immediate objective 2(output 1)	Construction of the Railway link between Mpulungu and Kasama	0	MCT
	Construction of the Chipata - Mchinji railway line	10,000,000	MCT
	Construction of the Kafue To Lion's Den in Zimbabwe	0	MCT,ZRL
Immediate Objective 2(Development of Ndola Airport	25,000,000	NCAL
output 2)	Development and upgrading of Mfuwe Airport	6,500,000	
Immediate Objective 3	Development of intermediate means of transport		MLGH
(output 1)			
(Output 2)	Construction and development of foot bridges, foot paths in rural areas	22.222	MLGH
Immediate Objective 4	Inland Water Transport Bilateral Agreement	90,000	MCT/DMIW
(Output 1)	Establishment of Marine Training School	405,000	MCT/DMIW
	Rehabilitation of Dredging Equipment	1,200,000	MCT/DMIW
	Testing and Certification of Crew	75,000	MCT/DMIW
	Survey of Vessels	120,000	MCT/DMIW
	Amendment of the Inland Waters Shipping Act	60,000	MCT/DMIW
	Computerization of Registration of Vessels	240,000	MCT/DMIW
	Safety and Navigation aid	60,000	MCT/DMIW
	Establishment of Marine Meteorological Services on Lakes and Rivers	60,000	MCT/DMIW
	Rehabilitation of Harbors	390,000	MCT/DMIW
	Establishment of Rescue Coordinating Centers	90,000	MCT/DMIW
	Establishm ent of Inland Navigation Safety and Radio Communication	120,000	MCT/DMIW
	Commercialization of Water Transport Boards	1,000,000	MCT/DMIW

ROADS LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Source of Data	Important Assumptions
Overall Objective To expand, rehabilitate and invest in the road sector so as to improve accessibility and mobility	Number of kilometres and quality of roads brought into good condition Level of accessibility	(Reports) NRB MWS MTC	Political will Donor good will
Immediate Objectives Immediate Objective 1 To rehabilitated paved and unpaved roads	Number of kilometres of paved and unpaved roads rehabilitated	NRB MWS MOLH MAFF	Political Will Donor good will
Outputs For immediate objective 1 Paved and unpaved roads Rehabilitated	number of Kms of paved and unpaved roads rehabilitated	NRB MWS MOLH MAFF	
Immediate objective 2 To maintain paved and unpaved roads	Number of kilometers of paved and unpaved roads maintained	NRB MWS MOLH	Political will Donor Will
Outputs for immediate objective 2 Paved and unpaved roads brought into maintainable conditions	number of Kms of paved and unpaved roads brought into maintainable conditions -number of RT accidents occurred	NRB MWS MOHA ZPS	
Immediate objective 3 To bring a core road network of 33,500 Km into maintainable conditions	Number of Kilometeres of roads brought into maintainable condition	NRB MWS MOLH	Donor will Political Will
Outputs for immediate objective 3 A core of road network of 33,500 Km brought into maintainable conditions	Number of Kilometeres of roads brought into maintainable condition	NRB MWS MOLH MAFF	
Immediate objective 4 To bring the condition of the road network to at least 50% good and 10% poor for all types of roads	-% of the road network brought to good condition	NRB MWS MAFF MOLH	Political will Donor will
Outputs for immediate objective 4 The condition of the road network is brought to at least 50% good and 10% poor for all types of roads	-% of the road network brought to good condition	NRB MWS MAFF MOLH	

Roads activity

Output/Immed. Objective		Cost	Responsible Institution
Immediate Objective 1 (Outputs 1)	Financing and management of road network		NRB
• • • • •	Continued lobbying for donor assistance		NRB
	Counterpart funding		Donors
	Encouraging cooperation with Cooperating Partners		NRB
	Construction and rehabilitation of trunk and feeder roads		NRB
Immediate Objective 2	Broaden the revenue base for road maintenance of roads		NRB
(Outputs 1)	Fuel levying for the maintenance of roads		NRB
	Corruption awareness at weighing bridges to reduce		MWS, MAFF,
	overloading		MOLH
	policy and institutional reforms		MTC
	To promote Community participation in road management		Community
			ZAMSIF
Immediate Objective 3	Fuel levies		NRB
(Output 3)	Financing and management of road Network		NRB
	Continued lobbying for donor assistance		NRB
	Counterpart funding		MWS
	Encouraging cooperation with cooperating partners in road		NRB
	sector		MTC
	Construction and rehabilitation of trunk and feeder roads		MWS
			MTC
			NRB
			MAFF
			MOLH
	Motor and road licences		MTC
mmediate Objective 4	Road penalties and weighing bridges fees		MTC
(output 4)	Continued lobbying for donor assistance		MTC
			NRB
	Counterpart funding		Donors
	Encouraging cooperation with cooperating partners in road		NRB
	sector		
	Construction and rehabilitation of trunk and feeder road	•	NRB
			MAFF
			MOLH
			MWS

ROADS ACTIVITIES and Costs

NOADS ACTIVITIES and COSIS				
PROGRAMME	Total cost in US \$ in 3 years			
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Rehabilitation of Pav ed and Unpaved roads	190,290,000			
Maintenance of Paved and unpaved roads	209,940,000			
Institutional Capacity Building	11,472,600			
Management and Technical Capacity Building	11,970,000			
TOTAL	423,672,600			

GOVERNANCE LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

GOVERNANCE LOGICAL FRAMEWORK Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Source of Data	Important
Overall Objective	<u> </u>		Assumptions
To promote Good Governance in the management of private and public affairs as a mechanism of poverty reduction.	All private and public institutions pursue the principle of good governance by mid 2002 Principle of Good Governance entrenched in all private and public institutions by 2025	MOLA Reports CSO Surveys	Political commitment to the Governance Programme
Immediate Objectives Immediate Objective 1			
•	Elaborate consultative system in place by end 2002	MOLA Reports	
To ensure decision making through wider use of the consultative processes for citizens.	designed with the involvement of citizens themselves.	MLGH Reports	
Outputs For immediate objective 1			
Well functioning Democratic and Local Government	% of Local Government reforms attained by 2004	MLGH Reports	
2. Guaranteed free and fair elections	Corrupt-free and equitable electoral Procedures	Electoral commission Reports NGOs Reports	
3. Increased citizens participation especially women through access to information and civic education	Increased number of women in access to information and civic education.	GIDD reports NGOs reports	
Immediate objective 2			
To ensure efficient equitable and transparent management of public resources	Implementation of recommendations of the Public Expenditure Review Process to be completed by the year 2002. GRZ Quarterly financial reporting to Parliament in place by end of 2001 % Increase in improvement in public service delivery of core functions	MOFED-PER Reports MOFED Expenditure reports National assembly reports Cabinet office reports	
Outputs for immediate objective 2			
1. Efficient, motivated and dedicated public service	All public service benefits monetised Levels of public service salaries raised from 1/3 to by 2004 Salaries for public service workers decompressed from 5:1 to 9:1 by 2002	Cabinet office reports MOFED Reports	
2. Parliament empowered to ensure effective and equitable allocation and utilisation of resources.	% Equity in resource allocation attained by end of 2002	National Assembly reports MOFED Reports	
3. Reduced incidences of abuse of public office	Reduction in incidences of abuse of office	ACC Reports Auditor General's report	
4. Instituted transparent and efficient financial mechanism for public resource management.	Budget prepared in line with Medium Term Expenditure Framework by 2002 Funds are used in priority areas for purposes they were budgeted for. Increase in transparency	MOFED Reports Auditor General's Reports Reports	
Immediate objective 3			
To ensure guaranteed justice for all citizens	Rule of law applied fairly and consistently by to all citizens by 2004 Increase of effective access to justice	MOLA Reports	
Outputs for immediate objective 3			
Effective and efficient Justice delivery system in place.	80%Backlog cases discharged by end of 2004. Reduction in the duration of litigation procedures Number of Courtrooms built by 2004.	MOLA Judiciary department reports. Special surveys.	
2. Efficient effective and equitable law enforcement	Police service performance in accordance with agreed objectives. Equity in law enforcement attained	MHA (ZPS)	
3. Access to information about human and legal rights ensured.	40-50% increase in access to information about human and legal rights	HRC reports MOLA reports	

Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicator	Source of Data	Important Assumptions
Rights to all Zambians through implementation of international conventions on Human Rights	All Social and economic rights domesticated by end of 2002	HRC reports MOLA reports	
5. Increased security and peace in the country especially in strategic Economic and tourist areas.	Reduced crime rates	MHA	
Increased security in border areas.	 Presence of police centers and number of trained and well equipped police Personnel. 		

Governance activities

Objective	Objective/program/activities	Total Cost in (US \$) For three years	Responsible Institution
Immediate objective 1	Ensure decision making through wider use of the consultative processes		
•	Develop Local Government policy	203,94	MLGH
	Implement Local Government policy	1,026,316	MLGH
	Implement local government reform programme	1,131,579	
	Depoliticise decentralisation	(MLGH
	Depoliticise the office District Administrator otherwise expunge the office	(MLGH
	Enhance women's participation in decision-making through promoting their participation	170,000	GIDD
	Hold all elections according to statutory requirements		Electoral Commission
	Ensure equal access to media coverage to all political parties	0	MIBS
	Review electoral legislation	(Electoral Commission
Immediate objective 2	Ensure efficient equitable and transparent management of public resource		
	Improve budget control systems		
	Develop and implement the MTEF	0	MOFED
	Involve information from other stakeholders in the National Budget	(MOFED
	Strengthen and implement Public Expenditure Review Process	0	MOFED
	Abolish the Presidential discretionary fund	(MOFED
	Increase GRZ accountability to Parliament by quarterly reporting	(MOFED
	Implement IFMS (cost for one year only 2002)	150,000	Public Service Commission
	Implementation of PSRP (for 2 years)	9,569,11!	Public Service Commission
	Implement equity program for the poor (PWAS)	21,502,159	
	Parliamentary reforms	(National Assembly
	Radio/TV coverage of Parliamentary proceedings	550,000	National assembly
	Literature at National Assembly and Constituencies	997,368	National Assembly
	Review of Constitution to balance powers of the Executive		MOLA
	Support services to parliament and its members		
	Transport, Recording, Editing and transcribing equipment	920,64	National Assembly
	Establishment of information centre	750,000	National Assembly
Immediate objective 3	To ensure guaranteed justice for all		,
	Campaigns to strengthen public opinion against corruption	477,632	MOLA
	Improve systems for prosecution of corruption	, , , , ,	MOLA (Judiciary)
	Enforce Disciplinary measures	(MHA
	Establish small-claims court	1,578,94	/
	Set up alternative dispute resolution mechanisms	736,842	MOLA MOLA (Judiciary
	Strengthen the Legal Aid Department and recognise services provided by paralegals	552,632	
	Implement alternatives to incarceration, like community service	157,895	
	Develop training programme for prosecutors/ establish specialised unit of prosecutors in the		
	police	1,763,158	NGOs MHA
	Reduce the ratified conventions and protocols into laws (Domestication)	578,94	
	Establish Human Rights information centre	255,220	
	Maintenance of law and Order and crime prevention to enhance peace security	5,159,101	
	Total costs	US\$ 48,231,49	

MINING LOGICAL FRAMEWORK.

	NG LOGICAL FRAMEWORK. RATIVE SUMMARY	VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCES OF	IMPORTANT	RESPONSIBLE
			DATA	ASSUMPTIONS	
	all objective: To promote investment in the mining industry and ensure the development of a self sustaining mineral based industry	Increase in total capital investment in the mining sector operations from the 2001 levels to 50% by 2020	MMMD CSO Export Board of Zambia Zambia Investment Centre	Continued Political Stability	Ministry of Mines and Mineral Development in conjunction with Zambia Investment Centre
Spec	ific objective:				
1.	To attract investments for development of large scale mines through infrastructure development.	Increase in the number of operating and productive large scale mines from the current levels by at least 1 by the year 2004	Investment center reports MOFED reports MMMD reports CSO	Sustained commitment from all stakeholders involved	Ministry of Mine and minerals development in collaboration with Department of roads and the Department of Infrastructure and support services
		Creation of more Job opportunities in the mining sector from the current levels to at least 40 percent by 2004			
Outpu			000		ACCOUNT ON THE CASE
1.	Improved production of mineral based products.	Increase the level of production of mineral based products from the current levels to 10% year on year increase	CSO reports BOZ reports.	Adoption of new and efficient technologies	Ministry of Mines and mine operators
2.	Increased contribution of the sector to export earnings.	 Increase the percentage contribution of the Large scale mining sub-sector to export earnings from the current levels to 35% by 2004. 	CSO reports Export Board of Zambia.		Ministry of Mines
Speci	fic objective:				
2.	To revitalize and ensure realization of the potential of small scale mining sub- sector	Increase in number of people em ployed by small scale mining operations from the current levels to at least 30% by the year 2004 Increase number of	CSO reports. MMMD reports	Sustained Commitment from the Small Scale Mining Operators	Ministry of Mines in conjunction with Emerald and Semi-precious Minerals Association
		productive small scale mines from the current level to at least 40 by the 2004 Increase level of export			
OUTF	PIITS	earnings from small-scale mining from the current levels to at least 30% by 2004			
1.	Improved production of gemstones.	Increase the level of production of gemstones from the current to 35% by 2004.	CSO reports BOZ reports. MMMD records	Commitment from the small scale mining operators	Ministry of Mines
		Increase in capital investment in the small scale mining operation from the current levels to 30% by 2004			

Outp	ut for immediate objective1			
1.	Increase to 27 the Level of megawatts supply to Lumwana.	Number of kilometers covered by the transmission lines	ZESCO/CEC reports. MOFED reports	MOFED MMMD Private sector
2.	Upgrading (tar) of the T5 high way from the Copperbelt to lumwana	Number of kilometers covered	Roads board reports MOFED reports	MEWD MENR
3.	Extending the rail network from Chingola to lumwana.	Number of kilometers covered	ZR reports MOFED reports MWS	
4.	Construction of a town site to accommodate 1000 personnel	Number of houses constructed	MOFED reports MWS reports	
5.	Construction of a water and sewerage treatment plant	Number of months due for completion	MOFED reports MWS reports	
Outp	ut for objective 2:			
1 Reh	nabilitate access roads to g areas	Number of areas covered	MWS reports MOFED reports MMMD reports	MOFED MMMD MENR Mine operators MOLGH MOWS Local communities
2.	Mining sector diversification	Amount expended	ZESCO/CEC reports. MOFED reports	MOFED MMMD European Union Private sector
3.	Setting up plant hire scheme	Plant hire scheme in place	Roads board reports MOFED reports	MOFED MMMD European Union Private sector
4.	Reintroduction of the gemstone exchange scheme.	Gemstone exchange in place	ZR reports MOFED reports MWS reports	MOFED MMMD Private sector
5.	Create a revolving fund.	Availability of funds	ZR reports MOFED reports MWS reports	MOFED MMMD European Union Private sector